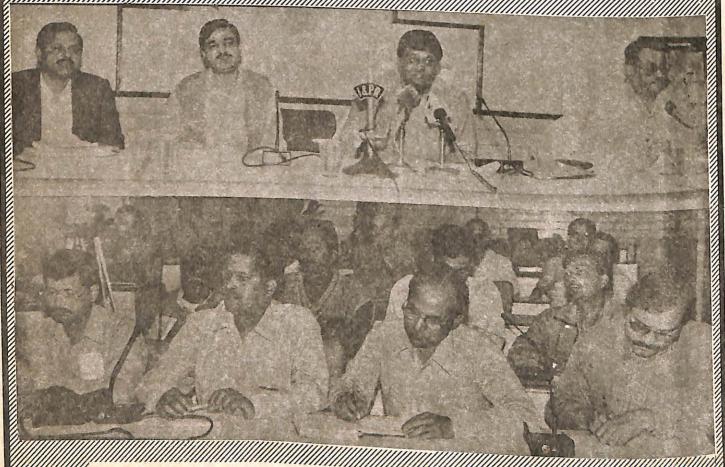


Hon'ble Governor Shri M.M. Rajendran administering the oath of office and secrecy on 6.12.99 to Shri Hemanand Biswal as the new Chief Minister and also two other Ministers Shri B.K. Biswal and Shri Jagannath Patnaik in the Raj Bhavan premises.



Minister, Revenue Shri Jagannath Patnaik addressing the Press Conference regarding relief operation at I & P.R. Conference Hall.on 12.12.99



# **Orissa Review**



#### VOL. LVI NO. 5

#### **DECEMBER - 1999**

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Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal presenting the Soran Memorial Trophy to the winner team of the Football Tournament at Kankamal in Jharsuguda district on 19.12.99.



Shri D.K. Patel, Chairman of Puri Gramya Bank inaugurating the 'Daily Deposit Scheme'
newly introduced by the Bank at Patia on 1.12.99.

#### A short profile

#### CHIEF MINISTER, SHRI HEMANAND BISWAL

Shri Hemanand Biswal took the oath of office as Chief Minister of Orissa on December 7, 1999. Shri Biswal was born on 1st December, 1939 in Thakurpada village under Bhalupatna in the district of Jharsuguda of Orissa.

As a grassroot worker and an efficient organiser of various educational institutions, athletic and dramatic associations, youth clubs and Tribal Welfare Association, Shri Biswal emerged as a natural leader with dedication, commitment and self-discipline.

Shri Hemanand Biswal possesses an unblemished public profile. Since 1967, he has been working in the public field in various positions, i.e., Chairman, Kirmira Panchayat Samiti (1967-71), Vice President, Jharsuguda Land Development Bank (1968-74) and Member, Governing Body of L.N. College, Jharsuguda.



Shri Biswal joined the Congress Party in 1972. He was elected from the Laikera Constituency to the Orissa Legislative Assembly in 1974 which remained in session till 1977. The Laikera Assembly segment has the distinction of electing Shri Biswal to the Orissa Legislative Assembly for consecutive four terms in 1980, 1985, 1990 and 1995 without break. Shri Biswal is a seasoned legislator for more than 23 years. 1980, 1985, 1990 and 1995 without break. Shri Biswal is a seasoned legislator for more than 23 years. 1980, 1985, 1990 and 1995 without break. Shri Biswal was Chairman, Public During the period of his membership in the Orissa Legislative Assembly, Shri Biswal was Chairman, Public Undertaking Committee (1984-85), Chairman, Committee on Petitions (1990-95) and President, Orissa Undertaking Committee (May, 1998 to December, 1999).

Shri Hemanad Biswal is the first tribal leader to become Chief Minister of Orissa from 7.12.89 to 3.3.1990. During 1985-86, he was Minister of State, Health & Family Welfare. He was Deputy Chief Minister and Minister for Panchayati Raj, Housing and Public Grievances and Pension from 1995to 1998.

Orissa was battered by two consecutive killer cyclones in October, 1999. At this crucial moment, Shri Hemanand Biswal was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress Legislative Party, and eventually he became the 12th Chief Minister of Orissa.

Soon after taking over this onerous responsibility, Chief Minister Shri Hemananda Biswal assured the people of the State:

"I will try my best to provide good governance and transparency at all levels of administration besides streamlining the law and order situation. The administrative machinery will be geared up and we will channelise all our strength to complete relief, rehabilitation and restoration operations in quick time will channel to the top priority of my government".

The people of Orissa once again repose their faith and confidence in Shri Hemanand Biswal, a veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity, statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity and statesmanship veteran leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by virtue of his sagacity and statesman leader who has been able to resolve many a crisis in the past by

### BOLD MEASURES UNDERTAKEN FOR THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF THE STATE UNDER THE STEWARDSHIP OF CHIEF MINISTER, SHRI HEMANAND BISWAL

- Top priority given on reconstruction and rehabilitation work in the cyclone-hit and floodaffected areas.
- Devolution of power to the people as dreamt by Rajiv Gandhi has now become a reality in the State.
- 19 Departments have been transferred to Panchayati Raj Institutions.
- The Status of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of Zilla Parishad is now at par with Minister of State and Deputy Minister respectively.
- The fund for local area development (Assembly segment) has been raised from Rs.5 lakhs to Rs.10 lakhs.
- The Purchase price of sal seeds per metric tonne has been raised from Rs.1,750 to Rs.3,000.
- The Purchase price of kendu leaves per bundle (20 leaves) has been raised from 13 paise to 15 paise.
- Minimum daily wage for an unskilled labour has been raised to Rs.40, for semi-skilled Rs.48, for skilled Rs.56 and for a highly skilled labour
- Purchase price has been fixed for 83 minor \* forest products.
- The Millennium Housing Scheme has been introduced to provide houses to the poor at a subsidised rate.
- The Western Orissa Rural Livelihood Project \* has been introduced at a cost of Rs.225 cr.
- By June, 2000, 6 lakh Kissan Credit Cards to be provided.
- 8030 mini banks have been set up.
- Irrigation facilities have been provided to additional 6733 hectares.
- Irrigation facilities to be provided to 50% of the total cultivable land in the State by March,
- 965 units of Small Scale Industries have been set up.

- Provision of drinking water in each village by March, 2000.
- Rs.29 crore have been sanctioned to resolve the present crisis of drinking water.
- Supply of electricity to all villages by March,
- State Government undertakings are being re-organised with assistance from DFID, Britain and the World Bank.
- Assistance amounting Rs.134 Crore has been sanctioned for economic and administrative
- Orissa a leading State in power reform.
- Backward and Minority Development Department has been newly created.
- Orissa the first state to augment a campaign for eradication of acute mal-nutrition. The first state in completing the pulse Vitamin-A
- Decision taken to introduce a pension scheme for the journalists. Information Policy for the media is being framed to ensure dissemination of right information un-interruptedly.
- An Integrated Advertisement Policy has been
- Crime rate in the State is on decline.
- Community Policing System has been
- Three New Universities including the Utkal University of Culture have been set up.
- Primary Education facilities extended to additional 14 districts which have a larger concentration of Adivasis and low literacy child-population. With assistance from DFID
- UGC scales of pay have been introduced for College and University.
  - Stern laws have been framed to protect State's

#### GOVERNMENT OF ORISSA

#### **NEW COUNCIL OF MINISTERS**

Shri M.M. Rajendran Governor

Shri Hemanand Biswal Chief Minister

General Administration, Home, Steel & Mines, Science & Technology and all other deptts. not alotted to any other Minister or Minister of State with independent charge.

Shri Chintamani Dyansamantara Speaker

Shri B.B.Singh Mardaraj Deputy Speaker

CABINET MINISTERS

: Water Resources, Agriculture, Cooperation and Shri Basanta Kumar Biswal

Parliamentary Affairs.

: Revenue and Youth Services. Shri Jagannath Patnaik

: Rural Development and Planning & Co-ordination Shri Kanhu Charan Lenka

: Health & Family Welfare Shri Kishore Chandra Patel

: ST & SC Development & Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare Shri Gajadhar Majhi

: Labour & Employment and Public Enterprises. Shri Durga Shankar Patnaik

: Forest & Environment. Shri Netrananda Mallick

: Energy Shri Niranjan Patnaik : Finance Shri Bhagabat Prasad Mohanty

Urban Development and Information & Public Relations. Shri Bhupinder Singh

: Higher Education and P.G & P.A. Sk. Matlub Ali

: Panchayati Raj and Law Shri Raghunath Patnaik

: Women & Child Development. Smt. Saraswati Hembram

MINISTERS OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE)

· Industries Shri Amarnath Pradhan

Shri Nabin Chandra Narayan Das: School & Mass Education Shri Prakash Chandra Debata : Commerce & Transport : Works and Housing

Shri Jayadev Jena : Textile and Handlooms Smt. Bijayalaxmi Sahu

: Food Supplies & Consumer Welfare Shri Mohan Nag

Shri Suresh Kumar Routray : Excise

: Fisheries & Animal Resources Development. Shri Haladhar Karjee

MINISTERS OF STATE

: Health & Family Welfare Smt. Usharani Panda : Higher Education and PG & PA

Shri Ganeswar Behera : Panchayati Raj

Shri Padmalochan Panda ST & SC Dev. & Minorities & Backward Classes Welfare Smt. Parama Pujari

: Culture and Youth Services Shri Prasad Harichandan Urban Development and Tourism Shri Ramakanta Mishra

**Energy and Sports** Shri Ripunath Seth Rural Development Shri Surendra Singh Bhoi : Science & Technology. Dr. Debendranath Mansingh



# CHIEF MINISTER SHRI HEMANAND BISWAL AND THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS

### CABINET MINISTERS



Shri Basanta Kumar Biswal



Shri Jagannath Patnaik



Shri Kanhu Charan Lenka



Shri Kishore Chandra Patel



Shri Gajadhar Majhi



Shri Durga Shankar Patnaik



Shri Netrananda Mallick



Shri Niranjan Patnaik



Shri Bhagabat Pr. Mohanty



Shri Bhupinder Singh



SK. Matlub Ali



Shri Raghunath Patnaik



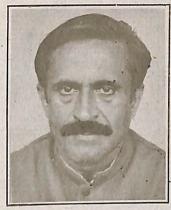
Smt, Saraswati Hembram

#### MINISTERS OF STATE

(Independent Charge)



Shri Amarnath Pradhan



Shri Nabin Ch. Narayan Das



Shri Prakash Ch. Debata



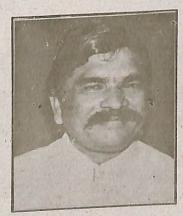
Shri Jayadev Jena



Smt. Bijayalaxmi Sahu



Shri Mohan Nag



Shri Suresh Kumar Routray



Shri Haladhar Karjee

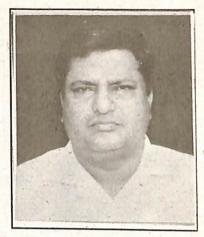
#### MINISTERS OF STATE



Smt. Usharani Panda



Shri Ganeswar Behera



Shri Padmalochana Panda



Smt. Parama Pujari



Shri Prasad Harichandan



Shri Ramakanta Mishra



Shri Ripunath Seth



Shri Surendra Singh Bhoi



Dr. Debendra Nath Mansingh

#### GOVERNMENT OF ORISSA GENERAL ADMINISTRATION DEPARTMENT

#### RESOLUTION

Bhubaneswar, dated 1st January, 2000. No.1

Special dispensation in respect of recruitments and filling up posts relating to State Cadres in KBK / Sub: Gajapati / Kandhamal and Boudh districts.

The districts of K.B.K. region, Gajapati, Kandhamal and Boudh have been facing perennial problem in the matter of filling up of vacancies in different services and posts relating to State cadres. Officers and staff related to different Departments posted to these districts try various methods to avoid placement in these districts notwithstanding the provision of Rule, 23 of the Orissa Government Conduct Rules, 1951. This Rule stipulates that no Government servant shall bring or attempt to bring any influence to further his interests in respect of matters pertaining to his appointment and other service conditions.

As a consequence. Officers and staff who do not just to put such pressure or unable to put such pressure continue to work in these districts for disproportionately long periods in their service career.

As a result of the above, people in these districts are deprived of their legitimate share in the benefits of different developmental schemes of the Government.

Government has been actively considering for sometime about effective steps to curb the tendency of avoiding postings to these districts and prescribe effective and practical remedial measures to ensure that governance is not impaired in these districts or development process is not hampered on account of non-availability of Officers and staff in different services/posts relating to State level cadres.

- (2) Government after careful consideration of the above problem have decided that there should be a set of instructions which could ensure that all the sanctioned posts in the above districts get filled up and there will be no vacancies in different services/posts at any time due to non-joining of the Government servants posted to these districts. Accordingly, Government have been pleased to decide that:
  - In all State level posts, the first posting upon recruitment will be made in the districts of KBK region, Gajapati, Kandhamal and Boudh districts. Similarly upon first promotion to any State level post all the incumbents would be first posted in the KBK/Gajapati, Kandhamal and Boudh.
  - The above posting will be normally for a duration of 3 years. The period of leave of any kind will not be counted while calculating the period of three years. (b)
  - If all the vacant posts in the above districts in the concerned category are filled up, the person having spent maximum period of stay in KBK/Gajapati/Kandhamal and Boudh districts in that (c) Cadre will be shifted out of KBK/Gajapati/Kandhamal/Boudh areas and the steps as laid down in sub-para (a) above will be operated.
- (3) It is impressed upon all concerned that the principles indicated under Para-2 above should be followed (3) It is impressed upon an concerned did to the strictly and any deviation to it will be viewed seriously. The concerned Secretary and Head of Department will be held responsible for the deviation. Only in rarest of rare cases will the Secretary of the Administrative Department recommend a deviation from the above practice to the KBK, Chief Administrator (Special Area Development) who work for reasons recorded in writing recommend the case to the Chief Minister through Chief Secretary if who work for reasons recorded in writing reconsidered appropriate. Only with written prior approval of the Chief Minister, a deviation can be made from the above scheme.

ORDER

Ordered that the Resolution be published in an extra-ordinary issue of Orissa Gazette and copies thereof be supplied to all Departments / all Heads of Departments / all Collectors / Registrar of Orissa High Court / Registrar, O.A.T. / Special Secretary, OPSC / Secretary, Staff Selection Commission / Deputy Director General, Gopabandhu Academy of Administration.

By order of the Governor

Sd/-

Special Secretary to Government

# News in Brief

# HON'BLE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE ON ARMED FORCES FLAG DAY ON

His Excellency Governor of Orissa, Shri M.M. Rajendran has given the following message on Armed Forces Flag Day to be observed on December 7.

"On this august occasion of the Armed Forces Flag Day celebrated on 7th December, 1999, I convey my best wishes and warm greetings to all ranks of the Armed Forces, Retired Defence Personnel and their families.

The Armed Forces Flag Day is meant to honour the members who fell fighting for the cause of the Motherland and those who are braving all odds to preserve and protect the freedom and integrity of the nation. The country will never forget their supreme sacrifice and will remain beholden to their courage, sacrifice and dedication.

The Armed Forces Flag Day is the occasion for us to renew our resolve to work for those who stand as sentinel with ceaseless vigil to protect the territorial integrity of the nation.

I appeal to the people of our State to contribute generously to the Flag Day Funds which are utilised for the welfare and rehabilitation of the Ex-servicemen and their families".

# GOVERNOR DONATES A MONTH'S SALARY AND PENSION FOR CYCLONE

Shri M.M. Rajendran, His Excellency the Governor of Orissa has donated a month's salary and pension to the Chief Minister's relief fund on 14.12.99 for the cyclone victims of Orissa. Handing over a cheque of Rs.36,000/- to Shri Hemanand Biswal, Chief Minister, Orissa at Raj Bhawan, Shri Rajendran expressed his grave concern about the suffering and misery of millions of people. He was moved to a great extent by the moving sight of distressed households and he considered it a personal duty to contribute whatever he could to provide help and succour to the affected people. The Governor also urged upon all Public Sector undertakings and the Corporate Sector, particularly the private sector companies to come forward and play a significant role in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the cyclone victims.

# GOVERNOR STRESSES REHABILITATION

Shri M.M. Rajendran, His Excellency, the Governor of Orissa advised the District Administration to intensify all efforts in implementing the rehabilitation programme in the cyclone hit areas of Ganjam district. While reviewing the relief and rehabilitation measures at a meeting on 2.12.99, attended by the district level Officers, Shri Rajendran emphasised the need to accord topmost priority to the housing sector. He extolled the enthusiasm and courage of the local people and observed that an appropriate and a time-bound implementation of the post-cyclone management plan would certainly go a long way to overcome the present crisis.

Prior to this review meeting Hon'ble Governor visited Raghunathpur, Karuna, A. Totapalli, Matikhala, Bada Arjipalli, Katuru and Tarai Patapur villages of Ganjam district, affected recently

During this visit, Hon'ble Governor laid the foundation stone for the proposed 500 cyclone proof houses at village Katru. Smt. Susheela Rajendran, the Lady Governor, who accompanied the Governor, distributed blankets to the cyclone affected people on this occasion.

While visiting the Gopalpur Port, the Governor was briefed on the damages wrought by the recent cyclone and the restoration measures undertaken to make the port operational.

#### USA AMBASSADOR MET ORISSA CHIEF MINISTER

The USA Ambassador, Hon'ble Mr. Rechard F. Celeste during his tour to Orissa paid a visit to the Office of the Chief Minister, Orissa, on 9.12.99. He alongwith USA Consul General in Calcutta and USAID Administrator J.Brady Anderson met Orissa Chief Minister, Shri Hemanand Biswal in presence of senior officials, Shri Sudhansu Bhusan Mishra, the Chief Secretary, Shri P.K. Mishra, Addl. Chief Secretary, Shri B.K. Patnaik, Secretary to Chief Minister held discussions for half an hour on matters relating generally to ongoing relief and reconstruction works in the affected areas of the State.

Welcoming them, Chief Minister expressed thanks to the USA dignitaries for their concern for the cyclone ravaged Orissa. He also appreciated their humanitarian assistance/measures at this hour of distress. CARE, CRS, USAID are the main among the organs of USA working in the affected areas. The Chief Minister lauded their efforts and urged them to extend their help and expand their activities in the housing sector, agriculture sector and in the field of modern mechanism.

The USA emissaries were briefed about the steps taken by the State Govt., the help and assistance rendered by the centre, other state governments and other NGOs in mitigating the people of the cyclone and flood-hit people. The delegates assured to extend substantial help as much as they could pursue. The Ambassador emphatically is understood to have said to announce their plan to keep Consul General in Calcutta in charge of Orissa to supervise their progress and success in the fields.

Mr. Celeste while learnt about the invitation made by the State Govt. through Central Govt. to Mr. Bill Clinton, the President of America for a visit to Orissa, particularly at this crucial juncture of the State he volunteered to convey this message to his country's President on behalf of the Chief Minister.

### CHIEF MINISTER'S VISIT TO JAGATSINGHPUR DISTRICT

Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal visited affected areas of Balikuda Block in Jagatsinghpur district and convened a review meeting in the office of the District Collector, Jagatsinghpur on 7.12.99. Chief Minister Shri Biswal directed district administration to complete the repair works of all damaged School, College and Hospital buildings in the district. The meeting was also attended by Minister for Water Resources Development, Agriculture and Parliamentary Affairs, Shri Basant Kumar Biswal, Local MLA, Shri Bishnu Das, MLA Balikuda Dr. Lalatendu Mohapatra, MLA Ersama Shri Bijay Kumar Nayak, Chairman, Zilla Parishad, Shri Laxman Mallick, Special Relief Commissioner, Shri Sanjib Chandra Hota and others.

# CHIEF MINISTER CONVENES THE ALL PARTY MEETING

Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal convened an all party meeting in the 3rd flood Conference Hall of the Secretariat on 7.12.99 to discuss the rescue, relief, rehabilitation and re-construction programmes in the affected districts. Chief Minister informed that repair work of all school, college and hospital buildings would be completed by 1st January and distribution of 10 lakh blankets to affected people be ensured by the end of December. He also reiterated his instruction to the District Collectors to distribute house building assistance as per the relief code immediately. Chief Secretary Shri S.B. Mishra while presenting a detailed report about the relief and rehabilitation operations by the Government said that the Collectors of the affected districts were intimated to provide relief assistance including distribution of food from free kitchens to the people in distress for 15 days in the first phase. He further informed that financial assistance to the families of the deceased, supply of polythene & blankets to the affected people, restoration of LI points for rabi crops in 11 lakh hectares, supply of seeds at subsidised rate, supply of milch cows and restoration of power to affected villages by 31st January and supply of sapplings including 15 lakh coconut sapplings were some of the measures to be taken up on priority.

After patiently listening to various deliberations, Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal emphasised on formulation of an extensive plan to augment the process of reconstruction. He laid emphasis on transparency in all matters. In order to ascertain correct information about the death figure and the figure of missing people for the public in the areas concerned would be notified. The pace of relief and rehabilitation would be accelerated as per the suggestion of the district level all-party bodies. Help and assistance received on long-term projects would from a corpus for undertaking sustainable measures in the affected areas. Chief Minister revealed that the central Govt. was urged to help constructing nearly 2 lakh 50 thousand houses under Indira Awas Yojana. A request was also made to the world Bank for assistance towards construction of 500 cyclone-shelter-cum-school buildings which would shelter 1000 people each at the time of cyclone. Chief Minister, Shri Hemanand Biswal sought cooperation from the leaders of various political parties.

Members present in the all-party meeting were Sri Shyamananda Mohapatra and Sri Biswabhusan Harichandan from BJP, Dr. Kamala Das (BJD), Shri Sachidananda Dalal (leader of opposition), Sri Abani Baral, Sri Dibakara Nayak and Shri Ashis Kanungo from C.P.I.; Sri Dhurjati Das (SUCI); Sri Narendra Kumar Swain (Janata Dal S.), Sri Judhistir Das (Janata Dal, U); Sri Janardana Pati (CPIM), Shri Soumya Ranjan Patnaik (NCP); Sri Utkal Keshari Routray. Sri Sitakanta Mohapatra and Shri Suryabhanu Mishra from Orissa Pradesh Congress Committee: Sri Khelaram Mahali (J.P.P) and Shri Ashok Kumar Das (RJD)

## DISTRIBUTION OF POLYTHENE & BLANKETS

In view of huge requirement of polythenes to the tune of 19 lakhs, the State Government have provided 14 lakhs so far and the rest will be provided shortly as revealed by Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal. People whose houses have been partially damaged are being offered a cash amounting to Rs.400/- in lieu of polythene towards purchase of hay for thatching their houses.

The State Government have so far provided 2 lakh blankets. The NGOs have also provided 3.5 lakh blankets to the distressed people. The Chief Minister also indicated that 5 lakh blankets were to be procured through UNICEF assistance. The Rajasthan Govt. would also provide 60,000 blankets, the Chief Minister said.

The Delhi Government have provided 5 cr. for restoration of damaged school and hospital buildings in Puri district. They would also release another 5 cr. for the district as informed by Chief Minister, Shri Biswal on the occasion of inauguration of the Utkalamani bridge at Suando on 3.1.2000.

### 2000 AGRO-SERVICE CENTRES TO BE SET UP IN 14 AFFECTED DISTRICTS WITH ASSISTANCE FROM WORLD BANK

The State Govt. have decided to set up 2000 Agro-Service Centres in the 14 cyclone and flood-hit districts of Orissa. Each Gram Panchayat will get one centre. The project will cost 100 Cr. of which Rs.40 Cr. will be provided by the World Bank and the rest will be procured through financing houses. A sum of Rs.5 lakh 60 thousand will be spent on each Agro-service centre. The State Govt. will provide a subsidy of Rs.2 lakhs. Each Agro-service centre to be managed privately will be equipped with one tractor, one power tiller, one diesel pump set, pesticides—sprayer and other agricultural implements which will be given on hire at a cheaper rate.

#### ASSISTANCE FROM INTERNATIONAL AGENCIES PROMISED

Delegates of the World Bank, DFID and U.S. Aid met the Chief Secretary on 4th December, 1999 after touring over 14 districts where people had been affected by cyclone and crash flood. They discussed with the Chief Secretary, Sri S.B. Mishra in a high level official meeting and promised necessary assistance.

#### ONE ACRE FREE TILLING IN IDENTIFIED BLOCKS

Blocks which have recorded death toll of bullocks more than 1000, the State Govt. will provide initiative for continuing agricultural enterprise by tilling one acre land free of cost. Farmers interested in tilling more than one acre of land will be provided with 75% assistance. The State Govt. has allocated 1Cr. 10 lakh and is intent upon furthering agricultural operation through hired tractors from the Agro-Industries Corporation.

#### 45 LAKH COCONUT SAPPLINGS TO BE PROVIDED

In the 14 affected districts nearly 45 lakh coconut trees have been destroyed. On request by the State Govt. the Centre has sanctioned a sum of rupees one crore from the National Calamity Fund for Relief for the purpose. Additional financial need, if any, will be provided by the State Govt.

### HUDCO PROVIDĖS LOAN FOR HOUSE BUILDING

Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal has said that HUDCO has provided Rs.1100 cr. on loan to the State Government for construction of houses so that the cyclone-hit people would be able to avail of loan component for building their houses.

### CENTRAL ASSISTANCE SOUGHT FOR 2.5 LAKH INDIRA AWASES.

The State Government has requested the Centre to make provision for construction of 2.5 lakh houses under Indira Awas Yojana for the Adivasis, Harijans and the people belonging to the weaker sections in the 14 flood and cyclone affected districts.

#### SPECIAL BPL RICE FOR DECEMBER

Special BPL rice to the tune of 59448 metric tonnes have been released for the affected 14 districts for the month of December, 1999.

	6000 MT	Cuttack	-	9,430 MT.
Puri -	5,600 MT	Nayagarh-		600 MT
Kendrapara -	5244 MT	Bhadrak		5388 MT
Koraput	1000 MT	Dhenkanal	_	280 MT
Keonjhar -	4800 MT	. Jajpur	1	6200 MT

December -1999

Orissa Review

Balasore 4904 MT Mayurbhani 792 MT Keonjhar 8640 MT and Gajapati 564 MT

gets special BPL rice.

#### SPECIAL WORK CAMP BY THE VOLUNTEERS OF NEHRU YUVA KENDRA SANGATHAN IN ERSAMA BLOCK

The Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan, Orissa Zone, Bhubaneswar under the Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, Culture, Govt. of India have launched a special "Operation Yuva Sahayog" in Super Cyclone affected areas of Orissa since 18th Oct. 1999. Under this operation, the Nehru Yuva Kendra Sangathan have started an extensive special work camp in Erasama Block from 26th Nov. to 30th Nov. 1999. Eighthundredeighty volunteers and 20 officials from different Neheru Yuva Kendras of Orissa, Bihar and Madhya Pradesh have participated in the Camp. The volunteers are being engaged in relief distribution, cleaning of cyclone devastated villages, disinfection of ponds and wells, distribution of medicines and creating health awareness, disposal of carcasses and corpse, mobilisation of local manpower in the villages for reconstruction of houses and village roads. The volunteers are also keeping close contact with the local representatives as well as various NGOs and Govt. agencies for expediting relief operation.

# DONATION FOR RESTORATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF THE DEVASTATED

On behalf of the Sheladia Association Inc. USA, Shri Sachidananda Panigrahi and others presented a draft for Rupees one lakh for the Restoration and Reconstruction of Orissa to the Chief Minister, Shri Hemanand Biswal on 14.12.99. Besides, the General Secretary, Shri P. Ramamoorthy and other officials of Tamilnadu Nutritious Meal Employees Association donated Rs.25,000/- and Kakdeep Fishermen Association of 24 Pragana (South) of West Bengal also donated Rs.25,000/- to the Chief Minister's Relief Fund for the purpose.

Accepting the drafts, the Chief Minister, Shri Biswal expressed thanks to the donors for their sympathetic gesture towards the affected people of the State.

# CHIEF MINISTER SHRI HEMANAND BISWAL INAUGURATED THE UTKALAMANI

Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal inaugurated the 195 metre long Utkalamani Bridge over the river Bhargabi on Suando-Balapur road on January 3, 2000 which would serve the much-felt need of the people of the adjacent 4 Grampanchayats. The inaugural ceremony was also graced by Shri Jayadev Jena, Minister of State for Works and Housing, Shri Prasad Harichandan, Minister of State for Culture & Youth Affairs. Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal also inaugurated a library at the Utkalamani Smruti Bhavan, Suando newly set up by the

Earlier, Chief Minister had laid foundation stone of the forthcoming bridges at Sholapur and Netapur over the river Kushabhadra. Construction of the bridges will be completed within two years. The two bridges will cost around 9 cr. 70 lakhs.

# -VISIT OF MEMBER OF NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR SAFAI KARMACHARI

Smt. Kamala Kumari, Member of National Commission for Safai Karmachari will visit Orissa from 7th to 14th December, 1999 to study the social and financial aspects of Safai Karmacharis including implementation of the National Programme and their liberty as well as December -1999 Crissa Review

Member Smt. Kamala Kumari will reach Bhubaneswar on 7th December'99 from New Delhi by Purusottam Express. During her tour she will visit Berhampur, Aska, Puri and Bhubaneswar and discuss various matters with the concerned Dist. Officers, other prominent persons and representatives of Safai Karmacharis. She will return to New Delhi on 12th December by Purusottam Express as per the programme scheduled.

and bullocks, it is learnt, are to be provided at subsidised rat 0 cattle through OMFED, 2500 through Utkal Gomangai Sam 1000 through Agro-Industries Corporation. uk loan will be provided to the farmers in Ersama Block und: rnajnyanti Self-Employment Programme towards purchase of 3 power fractors. They will also be assisted for raising betelvines and manufact chirals will be emergised by 31.1.2000 9062 villages electricity has been restored in 13397 villages ce for Rs 500 to 38 s1000/- will be provided to farmers of be S take commut supplings will be provided free of cost. Distances and Exam, fees will not be collected from students. Maharastra Govt, will spend Rs.40 cr. on rehabilitation. For restoring Industrial Units 50 cr. have been provided to OSFC Rs 75000/- each will be provided to the nearest kin of the dead by Next meeting of the Task Force will be at Bhubaneswar. Block level All Party Supervisory Committee will be involved in rela k will be provided soon. At present, the <u>State</u> 4 districts. Centre has been moved to grant 302

# HISTORY OF CYCLONES IN ORISSA

Dr. Braja Bandhu Bhatta

Orissa was always prone to cyclone as it is situated on the coastal belt. A number of cyclones visited Orissa and the devastation they wrought not only added to the misery and suffering of the populace, it resulted in a near total failure of the agrarian economy of the province.

On the 27th May 1823, a terrible cyclone hit the coast of Balasore damaging houses and killing animals and men. On October 31, 1831 a cyclone again visited Orissa and exacted a heavy toll. The loss it caused may be calculated conservatively at 15,000 human lives and 50,000 heads of cattle in Balasore district alone. In central Cuttack, 331 human beings were lost. A cyclone again hit Balasore on October 7,1832 causing loss of life and property. It became more violent but the storm wave was less destructive. The Pargana Bherah was twice overwhelmed by the sea in the storm of 1831 and 1832. The village entirely swept away and nearly all the inhabitants were perished. The same coast was also visited by similar gale of the 21 May 1833. On 30th of April 1840, the district of Puri was visited by a disastrous storm. The dalua crops was damaged severely but as informed by the Collector it was confined to a few villages in the vicinity of Puri town. The Puri and Cuttack districts suffered from a cyclone in October 1842, which caused a heavy damage to private property and public buildings. Another cyclone hit Puri district on October 8, 1848 and it damaged the famous Sun Temple of Konark. By the cyclone of April 1850, Balasore was devastated more than any other district. The cyclone of 1864 also struck the coast of Balasore. The southern and eastern parts of Balasore were exposed to the full fury of the sea water and the effect was quite disastrous.

In July 1872, the whole of the coastal belt was completely devastated due to a severe storm accompanied by tidal eruptions. The centre of cyclone passed over and in the immediate neighbourhood of Balasore town great damage was done. By the cyclone the loss of human life had been very slight as the cyclone occurred during the day time when the people were able to take care of themselves. The loss of cattle however had been very severe with heavy losses in Balasore. Soro and Basudevpur. During the cyclone in the 1st July 1872, the death toll of cattle and human beings were 4645 and 21 respectively. Many schools were also affected by the cyclone severely. The Budhabalang river rose considerably during the storm and flooded a

Due to the cyclonic storms, Cuttack and Puri districts were affected by a very heavy and destuctive flood which inundated the whole country for some days and Cuttack city was in imminent danger. It was saved by the energy of the engineer staff, who were aided by the military and prisoners from the jail.

Some temporary distress occurred during and immediately after the cyclone and floods when supplies to local market and particularly to Cuttack were cut off.

In October 16, 1874 Balasore district was again struck by a cyclone which caused extensive damages in the coastal belt of the district. The only portion of the district which fell within the track of the cyclone was Baliapal and Jaleswar. Here the ravages of the storm had been almost indescribably disastrous. The report prepared by the police, the number of persons killed by the cyclone was 105 and the number of cattle nearly 10,000. The injury done to the standing crops was surprisingly moderate. The houseless people suffered a lot due to the eight or nine days of heavy rain. The northern parts of Balasore and the main tracts affected by the cyclone did not enjoy general immunity from diseases. The people were weakened by exposure and privation. with attendant on loss of houses and crops they fell victims to a very severe outbreak of cholera. More than 781 deaths were reported.

A destructive cyclone hit the districts of Cuttack and Balasore on September 22, 1885. This was accompanied by floods in the Brahmani and other rivers. It was accompanied by a storm wave rising to a height of about 22 feet above the mean sea-level, which at once submerged the village of Jambu at the terminus of the Kendrapara canal to the north-west of False point and then rolled on in northwesternly direction till it lost itself in the Brahmani river. But its violence and by the severe storm wave by which it was accompanied, did much loss of life at that station and in other parts of Orissa. In Jajpur subdivision no less than 2,447 villages were affected and nearly 50,000 houses were destroyed, about 300 human lives were lost by falling trees, walls and homesteads and

2.973 cattle were killed. The loss of human life caused by cyclone was computed at about 5,000 in the Kendrapara subdivision which suffered most and two of its parganas viz., Kerara and Kaldip were submerged under the storm wave. These parganas which included 290 villages with a population of about 26,000 suffered more severely than any other part of the district. Eleven villages were completely swept away. About 150 more villages were levelled to the ground, though a considerable part of the population managed to escape. The Kanika estate which included a considerable part of the affected sea-board, suffered most severely and many villages then destroyed had not yet been inhabitated. The cyclone was accompanied by a tidal wave which swept over False Point Harbour koncking down all the houses before it, and completely submerging Jambu. The lock was drowned with whole family. All the steamers and boats present there were completely destroyed. At Jambu, out of a population of 150 only about ten were saved.

At Batighat (Light House) the velocity of wind was too intense and sea water intruded but it was a matter of solace that no life was lost. Only a rice-loaded French ship had completely been destroyed. No trace of the remains of the houses, which stood at Hookeytola had been found. Along the coast hundreds of dead bodies were lying along the sea face. The cyclone of 1885 had done little mischief in Balasore except in the south-east corner of the district. It did not affect much the Puri district except Dandimal which suffered little. The public health suffered from the effects of the sea-wave and cyclone on 22 September 1885. The total registered mortality from different chief diseases in Cuttack district were about 41,617 (cholera, smallpox, bowel complaints, fever, injuries and other causes). The mortality probably occurred in coastal tract due to the damage of food and salt water after the storm wave.

The Balasore district again fell prey to another cyclone on May 26, 1887 which caused a lot of damage to houses. There was no loss of life except in two ships which capsized on their way to Chandbali.

Again the cyclone of Septmember 16, 1888 struck the Orissa coast at False Point (near the mouth of the Mahanadi). The thatched roofs of houses were blown off. Many police out-posts also had lost their thatches. The country boats had been wrecked or sunk in many places, some with cargo. The subdivisional officer of Jajpur reported that six boats laddened with paddy, rice, etc., had been wrecked at Jenapur and 4 ferry boats had been lost at Dharmasala. By the fall of houses in the interior of Jagatsinghpur and Tritol 8 human beings were crushed to death. At False Point the tripod beacons in the harbour and the anemometer in the light house were blown off. In Khurda of Puri district, the cyclone blew furiously and innumerable trees were blown down or damaged.

A cyclone hit the Orissa coast on the 19th and 20th November 1889. It seriously damaged the standing crops of the Cttack and Puri districts. The sea-wave in the coast of Puri rose to a height of 15 to 20 feet. The Chilka lake was swollen and inundated the agricultural fields. In Khurda subdivision and Chilka tracts some lives were lost. On the sea shore and in the Chilka tracts loss of cattle was very heavy.

Another cyclone also hit the coastal areas of Cuttack district on July 7, 1890. Tidal waves caused heavy damage to crops and Orissa coast in November 1891. It was violent along the shore from False Point down to Puri. About 343 human beings and 3592 heads of cattle in Cuttack district and 205 human beings in Puri district were reported to have lost their lives, while no casualty realting to loss of life was reported from Balasore district.

In the year 1893 again Orissa coast suffered from a cyclonic storm. The storm lasted for 4 days i.e., from 23rd to the 26th May. Owing to its effected, the rain was heavy in Bhadrak and Chandbali. About 5000 old houses were reported to have been destroyed. mostly in Dhamnagar and partly in Basudevpur thanas. The velocity of wind was high along the coast and heavy wind caused the mud walls to collapse. Several rivers were flooded. The river Gobri at Kendrapara was in high flood and great part of Kendrapra town was submerged. The crops in low lands were heavily injured. The roads and bridges in Kendrapara subdivision had been damaged. At False Point the cyclone was severe but fortunately no damage occurred. In the Kujang estate the cutchery houses were very much damaged by the cyclone of May 1893. In Kanika estate paddy stocks suffered.

Orissa has been a favourite haunting ground of cyclones. A severe cyclonic storm occurred in Orissa in November 1901. It resulted in a heavy loss of life and property. The districts of Cuttack, Puri and Balasore were ravaged by a cyclone on the 3rd April 1936. It disrupted the communication system and destroyed crops, houses, property and livestocks. The cyclone of October 1942 hit Balasore district and took a toll of 200 human lives in Bhogarai alone. In 1942, another cyclone passed over Puri and Ganjam districts. But it caused less damage.

Another cyclone hit coastal belt of Cuttack district on October 9, 1967 which killed about 380 persons. About 2191 villages were damaged by the cyclone and 8 lakhs of people were affected.

The important cyclone of the 20th century took place on October 1971. It was accompanied by 15' high tidal waves. 7623 human lives and 1,07,665 livestock were lost. By the cyclone 8,16,231 houses were damaged



and crops over 33,22,864 acres (13,44,719 hectares) were destroyed. In six districts about 59 lakhs of people were affected. It caused serious damage to the economy of the state.

In March 1978 another localised cyclone in character hit a part of Sadar subdivision of Dhenkanal district. It claimed a toll of 6 human lives. 1002 livestocks and 3930 houses were damaged. The estimated value of damage caused was at 44.38 lakhs. In the same month a tornado of furious character struck 11 villages of the Kendujhar and Cuttack districts killing 176 people and aslo caused severe damage to dwelling houses. About 140 persons alone were killed in village Purunabandhagoda of Kendujhar district. All the buildings and dwelling houses of Purunabandhagoda were smashed.

On 17 October 1999, Ganjam district was hit by a cyclone which took away 197 persons according to Government report. About 402 persons sustained severe injuries and many remained untraced. The district has sustained a loss of about Rs.1,066 crores. The cyclone left 1.3 lakh artisan families in the

district homeless. After few days another super cyclone hit Orissa coast. It occurred in October 29-30, 1999 in the coastal districts of Balasore, Bhadrak, Jajpur, Kendrapara, Jagatsinghpur, Cuttack, Puri and Khurda. The people of Orissa even their forefathers had never witnessed such type of cyclone. The gale which swept the districts at a speed between 250-300 km. per hour left lakhs of people homeless in its trail. Flash floods followed by the devastating cyclone have worsened the situation. According to Government report 10,000 people died by this cyclone and damage done to property, animals are innumerable. Extensive damage to cropped land has been reported by the Revenue department. It is one of the century's worst disaster. The devastation wrought by the super cyclone is the most horrible in living memory of people of Orissa. It also destroyed the very base upon which the state's rural economy rests.

> P.G.Department of History Utkal University Bhubaneswar - 751004

#### TENTATIVE DAMAGE STATISTICS

#### (CYCLONES OCTOBER 1999) GANJAM DISTRICT

205 Persons

#### **HUMAN CASUALITIES:**

The number of human lives lost on the dates of the said fateful storm are as follows:

i) Chatrapur Sub-Division		81 Persons
ii) Berhampur Sub-Division	^ ····	84 Persons
iii) Bhanjanagar Sub- Division		32 Persons
iv) Gajapati district	1 2	2 persons
v) Puri district		2 persons
vi) Khurda district		4 persons
Total		205 Parsons

DAMAGE STATISTICS	
1. Date of occurence	: 17th, 18th, 29th, 30th
2 Marian	October 1999
2. Maximum wind velocity	: More than 250 kms/Hr.
3. Actual rain fall received	: on 16th & 17th -
	194.72mm
	on 29th &30th -
	145.84mm
4. Number of Blocks	: 22
affected	

5. Number of G.P.s affected: 444

6. Number of villages :3162 affected

7. Number of ULBs affected: 18

8. Total Population affected: Rural area - 17.78 lakh Urban area - 2.82 lakh

21.60 lakh 9. Number of Marginal : 99720

Farmers affected.

10.Nos. of Small Farmers : 89143 affected.

11.No. of Semi-Medium : 82959

Farmers affected. 12.No. of Agricultural : 311989

Labourers affected.

13. No. of Human Lives lost

a) Chatrapur Sub-Division 81 b) Berhampur SubDivision 84 c) Bhanjanagar SubDivision 32

: 197 Total

14. Number of Injured Persons	:	402
15. Number of persons missing		3

16. Number of Domestic Animals Lost

Cattles	<u> </u>	2869
Other Animals		7647
Birds		6794470
Total	-	6804986

17. Damage Statistics of Private Dwelling Houses

Area	Fully collapsed	Partly collapsed	Approx value
Rural	62,000	2,09,000	24,650 lakh
Urban	16,000	35,000	6,300 lakh
Total	78,000	2,44,000	30,950 lakh

#### LOSS OF PADDY AND OTHER CROPS

The catastrophic cyclone has shaken the back bone of all the farmers in the district both big and small. Although the rain fall was some what scanty during the beginning of khariff season the rain fall in August and September was quite satisfactory and the farmers were expecting bumper harvest of both,paddy and non-paddy crops like ground-nut, sugarcane, ragi and maize etc., till nature unleashed its furry on 17th/18th October. The average loss of paddy crops is estimated to be more than 60% of the total paddy area. Vegetable crops have been completely damaged. Fruit trees like coconut, papeya, Drum stick and Bannana have been severly damaged. Cash crop like sugarcane and betlevine have sustained almost total loss.

#### LOSSES OF AGRICULTURAL CRO

Name of the crop	Area affected in hectares	Value of croploss (Rs.in lakhs)
Paddy Pulses Sugarcane Cotton	92,496 9,572 2,306 1,457	12209.50 861.50 35.50 1.00

· (C)			Orissa Roview
December -1999			
Other Crops	12,763	3272.00	Afforestation 3346 Hectares 352.00
Soil Conservation:		ALC TOUR	Irrigation works 1781 nos. 360.00
Cashew plantation,		A PROPERTY OF A	(C.I.Ps., WHS, Tanks) 8991.80
Misc. Plantation &			LOSSES OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Avenue plantation	1,546	1520.00	
LOSSES OF HORT CROPS	ICULTURAL/PL	ANTATION	Damages to Educational Institutions (Secondary & Higher Education)
	With him by		No. of Value of
i) Fruit Plantation:	8435	1687.00	Institution Loss
Cashewnut	3550	1775.00	(Rs. in lakhs)
Coconut	3070	767.50	Secondary Schools 401 Nos. 5000.00
Mango	382	191.00	Colleges 50 nos. 650.00
Bannana	1250	500.00	University 1 no. 300.00
K.lime	1400	700.00	Total: 5950.00
Papaya	365	365.00	
Betelvine	209	209.00	LOSSES OF WORKS DEPARTMENT:
Kewda		24094.00	Name of the Division Damages of Assets Amount of loss
ii) Vegetable crops		24094.00	Roads Residential Non- (Rs. in lakhs) building Residential buildings.
iii) Departmental C	28	55.00	R & B Div. No. 1, 207 775 220 2414.00
Farm Total	Michigan La	25301.06	Berhampur.
		CAND	R & B Div. NoII 161 159 169 1264.00
LOSSES ASSESSE	D BY FISHERIES	AIND	Berhampur.  R & B Div. 17 26 54 360.00
ANIMAL RESOUR	RCES DEPT 1.	The second of	R & B Div., 17 26 54 360.00 Bhanjanagar.
	Number	. Value of	N.H. Div., 01 '09 02 575.00
	los	s(Rs.in lakhs)	Berhampur.  Total 386 969 445 4613.00
			Total 300
Loss of Animal Res	2869	229.50	LOSSES OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(i) Cattle loss		382.50	DEPARTMENT:
(ii) Other Domestic (iii) Poultry Birds lo	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6794.50	Name of the Division Roads Buildings Amount of loss (Rs. in lakhs)
		7406.50	R.W.DI, Berhampur 162 214 1906.00
		and the state of t	R.W.DII, Berhampur 142 350 2000.00
Loss to Pisciculture	ers	545.50	Total 304 564 3906.00
(i) Loss of fish farm	Nets	822.50	LOSSES OF WATER RESOURCES
(ii) Loss of Boats & (Both inland & n	narine)	1368.00	DEPARTMENT (DAMAGES TO IRRIGATION)
LOSSES OF PANO	CHAYAT RAJ DE	PII.	Name of the Division Amount of loss
The second second second second second	T-tal Damage	value of	(Rs. in lakhs)
Sector	los	s (Rs.in lakhs)	Berhampur Irrigation Division 891.00
	4382.18'kms	5612.00	Chikiti Irrigation Division 104.00
Roads		667.00	Bhanjanagar Irrigation Division 778.00
Building (including	GP 1113 Nos.	007.00	Baghalati Irrigation Division 95.00
Ghar Office Building	ıg,		Baghua Irrigation Division 50.00
Disal Duilding stat	t qrs.		Khurda Irrigation Division 16.00
A W/C buildings, C	ominuity,	977 9 7 1 1 1	Berhampur L.I. Division 560.00
centres, Mahila San	niti, and		Bhanjanagar L.I.Division 240.00
Rest Shed etc.)	A STATE OF THE STA		M.I. Division-I, Berhampur 340.00
Primary School Bu	ildings 1972 Nos.	2000.00	M.I. Division -II, Berhampur 380.00
Primary School Bu	numga 17.2		Total 3454.00

Total

Primary School Buildings 1972 Nos. (including UGME)

No. of Deaths.	Scale of assistance announced by State Govt,	Scale of assistance announced from P.M.R.F.	Assistance recommended.	Amount required
197	Rs. 25,000/-	Rs 50,0004	Entra Callery	100
Z. ASS	SISTANCE TO THE S	SEVERELY INJURED PI	ERSONS · (A.	Rs. 147.75 Lakhs.
No. seve	rely injured	Scale of assistance announced by State Government	Requirement of funds at the given	Control of the contro
402		0.10 loks	scale	

0.10 lakh Recommendation: Full cost may be met from P.M.R.F. for treatment in referral hospitals.

#### 3. ASSISTANCE FOR LOSS OF LIVESTOCK:

Sl. No.	Category	Total No.	Existing scale of assistance	Recommended scale of assistance	Amount required (in Lakh)
1.	Cow	1189		Rs. 1000/- (per animal)	21.13
2.	Buffalow	522 402		- do -	
3. 4.	Bullock Calves	756		Rs. 500/- (per animal)	3.78
5.	Goat	4296 7469		Rs. 300/- (per animal)	22.41
6. 7.	Sheep Poultry birds	3137 679447		Rs. 10/- (per bird)	67.94
			HE COLUMN	,	115.26

# ASSISTANCE FOR DAMAGE TO AGRICULTURAL/PLANTATION/HORTICULTURE CROPS

SI. No.	Name of the Crop	Area Damaged (in acre)	Extent of Assistance recommended (per acre)	Requirement of funds (in lakh)
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Paddy Sugarcane Vegetable Coconut  Cashew Bannana Mixed Orchads Betel vines Kewada	2,31,065 5,765 80,068 8,875 21,088 955 14,300 913 523	Rs.500/- Rs.1,000/- Rs.1,000/- Rs.10,000/- (per 100 palms) Rs.2,000/- Rs.2,000/- Rs.1,000/- Rs.1,000/-	1155.33 57.65 800.68 887.50 421.76 19.10 143.00 45.65 5.23 3535.90

#### DAMAGE TO DWELLING HOUSES:

No. of houses fully collapsed	Scale of	No. of houses partially	Scale of assistance announced by State Go	Recommendation	Requirement of funds. (in lakh)
	Govt.		- 0.01	Recommended as	Rs.20000.00
16,000 (Urban)		2,09,000(Ratal) 35,000 (Urban)		already announced.	
SPECIAL REC	OMMENDA	rion:	1-nging to	Requirement of fun	ds (Rs in lakh)

Most of the cyclone victims particularly those belonging to SC/ST category can not afford to reconstruct their houses with the recommended dose of house building assistance. It Requirement of funds (Rs in lakh)

20000.00

is therefore recommended that support in this high priority area may be provided for one lakh families under IAY at the existing scale of financial allocation.

#### DAMAGE TO PISCICULTURE (Inland and Marine)

No. of Boats damaged	Scale of assistance announced by State Gov	No. of Nets damaged	Scale of assistance announced by State Govt.	Assistance recommended	Requirement of funds (In lakh)
433 (motorised) 1333 (Country) 1766	Rs.3,000/-	2546	Rs.1,500/-	As announced by State Govt.	Rs.91.17

#### DAMAGE TO KHADI AND VILLAGE INDUSTRIES:

Description of the Industry	No. of units damaged	Assistance recommended	Amount required (in lakh)
Looms	1466	Rs.1,000/-	14.66
Dettarle Vilne	837	Per Loom	
Potter's Kilns	037	Rs.1,00/-(per kiln)	*8.37
			22.02

# DAMAGE TO RECOGNISED AND UNAIDED HIGH SCHOOLS, COLLEGE AND OLD AGE HOME ETC.

Name of the Institution	No. of building damaged	Assistance recommended	Amount required
High Schools	210		(in lakh)
Colleges	30 250	Rs.5 lakh per Institution	1250.00
Old Age Home,			
Orphanage etc.	10		

# DAMAGE TO PANCHAYATIRAJ DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES: (Amount in lakb)

Description of	Value of loss	Assistance was	Assistance ve			
property		Assistance recommended	Requirement of funds			
Roads	5612.00	Amount				
Discour School	2000.00	Amount required for full restoration	5612.00			
Primary School Buildings	2000.00	-do-	2000.00			
Other buildings	668.00		2000.00			
Irrigation Works	360.00	-do-	668.00			
Afforestation	352.00	-do-	360.00			
Total	8992.00		352.00			
DAMAGE TO WOL	RKS DEPARTMENT	PROPERTIES	8992.00			
Roads & Buildings	4613.00	Full amount				
		for restoration.	4613.00			

#### DAMAGE TO RURAL DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

Roads & Buildings

3906.00

Full amount required for

3906.00

restoration.

#### DAMAGE TO WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

Reservoirs, Canals

3454.00

Full amount required for

& Buildings.

restoration.

#### DAMAGE TO H & UD DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

Value of loss to departmental	Value of loss to ULBs properties	Assistance recommended		Amount Required (amount in lakhs)
properties			¥ 4.2	721.00
415.00	306.00	-do-		721.00

### DAMAGE TO HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT

Value of loss	Assistance recommended	Amount Required (amount in lakhs)
445.00	Full amount required for restoration.	445.00

### DAMAGE TO CO-OPERATIVE DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

1283.00

Full amount required

1283.00

for restoration.

### DAMAGE TO EDUCATION (HIGHER) DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

College - 650.00

950.00

University - 300.00

### DAMAGE TO EDUCATION (MASS) DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

5000.00

-do-

5000.00...

DAMAGE TO GRIDCO PROPERTIES

10,000.00

-do-

10,000.00

# DAMAGE TO COMMERCE & TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT PROPERTIES

Value of loss	Assistance recommended	Amount required
to Gopalpur Port	Full amount required for	750.00
750.00	restoration.	

# PROVISIONS OF CYCLONE PROOF HOUSES AND CYCLONE SHELTERS

There are 26 identified coastal villages in this district which are perpetually susceptible to tidal innundation / cyclone ravages even due to cyclones of lesser magnitude. To save the 7761 house-holds the evil consequences of cyclone in quick successions, it is recommended that cyclone proof houses with the estimated cost of Rs.40,000/- each may be constructed, pending that atleast 26 cyclone shelters as per the design of the Central Water & Power Commission at the estimated cost of Rs.30,00,000/- each may be constructed to save the village from the fury of cyclone in future.

SI. No.	Item	No.s	Cost per Unit		Total Cost Rs.in lakh	1,44
1.	Cyclone proof Houses	7761	Rs.40,000/-	-	3104.40	,
2.	Cyclone Shelters .	26	Rs.30,00,000/-	1	780.00	P
4					3880.40	

#### SHELTER BELT PLANTATION

As a protective major against the virulence of cyclone shelter belt plantation with a depth of about 1 km. may be taken-up accross 60 km. of the coast line of the district. The project will include afforestation in about 45,000 ha. which will act as effective wind breaker and prevent soil errosion. We request that the Directorate of Soil Conservation will come up with a detail project proposal for Rs.15 crores

#### HORTICULTURAL PACKAGE

The economy of the district mainly anchored on Horticultural crops like coconut, Kewada, Cashew, Betel vine etc., have been shattered by two successive super cyclone. Hence for massive regeneration of the horticultural wealth of the district atleast 22 large Nurseries, one in each Block, should be established to provide seeds / sapling at specially subsidised rates. This will mean an investment to the tune of Rs.11 Crores.

Special intervention is required the re-generation of Kewada plantation in the district which perhaps is a unique echo system in the world. The annual turn over of the Kewada based industries is over Rs.40 crores. Since these plantations exist mostly on Govt. land, the Horticulture Department should start a massive drive to re-generate the Kewada plantation involving on out-lay of Rs.100 lakh.

#### CREATION OF EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Currently Gopalpur Port, Orissa Sand Complex (I.R.E.) and Aska Co-operative Sugar Factory have remained inoperable. The livelihood of industrial labour force has run into jeopardy. Simultaneously serious debacle in the Agriculture and Horticulture sector has obliterated, the income brackets, reducing an enormous idle surplus. In order to creat atleast 487.00 lakh man-days for 4.87 lakh of effective work with the DRDA under wage employment programmes.

### DISTRIBUTION OF EMERGENT RELIEF

A. FOOD STUFF (in qtls)

Rice - (m qus) Gur C.S.B.(care) -	51,187.28 50.17	Chuda Biscuits	-	1698.43
B. CLOTHINGS, POLYTHEN  Dhoti (pcs.)	19,505.00 IE ROLLS ETC.	V.Oil	-	16.25 2095.74
Garments (pcs) - Blankets (pcs) - Utensils (sets) -	23,820 45,400 8,270 4,000	Saree (pcs) Clothes (bales) Chadars(pcs) Polythene rolls		34,920 393 13,763 12,857
		in pcs		15.903

Source: DIPRO, Ganjam

# OCTOBER' 99 CYCLONES IN ORISSA AND THEIR TRAILING IMPACT

J.K. Tripathy

#### AGRICULTURE

The Cyclonic storm which hit the coastal areas of Orissa on the 17th and 18th Oct'99 and then the Super Cyclone and high floods on 29th and 30th Oct'99 devastated 13 districts causing widespread and unprecedented damage to the lives and properties. 971 blocks, 26 Urban bodies, 13545 villages with a population of 15 million people in 13 districts have been severely affected. The Super Cyclone with gale winds on a speed reaching 250 to 300 kms per hour over continuous 36 hours has taken a toll of about 10 thousand lives and, around 17.5 lakhs houses have been collapsed fully or partially. The cyclone has also taken lives of around 4,06,270 cattle and 13 lakhs of other livestock.

13.51 lakh hectares of standing paddy crops and 2.57 lakh hectares of non-paddy crops i.e. 16.08 lakh hectares in total have been damaged due to Super Cyclone and high floods in 13 districts of the State. The total value of anticipated crop loss will be more than 50% approximately which is estimated to be Rs. 1318.00 crores.

#### HORTICULTURE:

An area of 1.76 lakh hectares of horticulture plantation, betel vine and floriculture have been damaged in 13 districts of the State. The anticipated value of loss is estimated at Rs. 414.91 crores.

In order to recoup the heavy loss sustained by the farmers it is urgently

necessary to take up massive programme in Rabi crops in the affected areas. Agril. Dept. has given a proposal to the Centre to provide 3000 power tillers with subsidy of Rs. 50,000.00 each and 2000 tractors with subsidy of Rs. 1 lakh each to the affected farmers in Orissa. Each will be borrowed from Govt. of India as special relief assistance to the farmers of the State. It will provide one lakh ha assured irrigation facility to the farmers in 13 districts.

It is also proposed to provide Rabi seeds for covering an area of 2.82 lakh hectares under agricultural crops and 0.51 lakh hectares under Potato and Vegetable crops at 50% subsidy. Besides fertiliser minikits, vegetable and fruit seedling minikits, sale of pesticides. sprayer and tractors, power tillers, diesel pump sets and agricultural implements under subsidy to the affected farmers are also proposed. 0.30 lakh hectares of coconut plantation have been severely affected in the State for which it is proposed to provide assistance @ Rs.500.00 per farmer in shape of inputs from Coconut Development Board for 1.00 lakh farmers. Betel-vine crops have also been severely damaged for which it is proposed to give an assistance of Rs. 1000.00 per farmer in shape of input for 2000 farmers. The devastating super cyclone has caused death toll of 3.82 lakh cattle population which includes 48036 bullock pairs as per the preliminary report. Similarly 99161 sheep, 158597 goat, 8915 pig and 1015613 poultry died in super cyclone. It is proposed to provide OAIC for providing the services of the tractors to the needy farmers on custom hiring basis. It is also proposed to install 30,000 nos. of private L.I. points under subsidy as a long term strategy to ensure sustainable agricultural development in the affected districts. It is proposed to establish 150-200 nos. of agro enterprises in 13 districts. of the State in order to provide employment opportunities to a large number of skilled/un-skilled personnel to meet the requirements of milk, egg, meat, fish and agriculture mechanisation etc. of the 13 affected districts of the State.

Cashew plantation in an area of 0.135 lakh hectares belonging to Orissa Cashew Dev. Corpn. in 13 districts have been severely damaged. Besides, nurseries of the Corpn. have also been damaged. The anticipated value of loss is estimated at Rs. 115.74 crores. An amount of Rs. 28.00 crores is required for replantation and restoration of infrastructure such as dip irrigation, building, nurseries etc.

#### **SOIL CONSERVATION:**

Cashewnut plantation under Directorate of Soil Conservation in an area of 4404 hectares and 985 nos. of water harvesting structures have been damaged in 13 districts of the State. A sum of Rs. 8.58 crores is required for repair/restoration of the structures for taking up new plantations under the Directorate of Soil Conservation.

Building and infrastructures of the Directorate of Agriculture, IMAGE, Directorate of Horticulture, Orissa State Cashew Dev/ Corpn., OUAT, OAIC, OSSC, APICOL have been severely damaged. The anticipated loss is calculated at Rs. 11.041 crores.

The total anticipated loss for the crops (which includes paddy and non paddy) is Rs.1318.00 crores. Horticulture plantation,

Betel vine and floriculture etc. Rs. 414.7 crores, Orissa State Cashew Dev. Corpn. plantation and nurseries Rs.115.74 crores, Soil Conservation Dept. plantation 985 nos. of soil and water harvesting structures Rs. 8.58 crores, Crops and vegetables Rs. 0.02 crores and building and infrastructures under D.A. & FP., Directorate of Horticulture, OUAT, OSSC, APICOL, OAIC and OSCDC Rs.11.02 crores which comes to a total of Rs.186806 crores.

An amount of Rs. 594.35 crores is required for subsidy on sale of Agricutural inputs, administering various assistance and repair of buildings, infrastructures and restoration of plantations including the State Botanical Garden and Nandankanan.

Animal Husbandry Dept. due to loss of milch cows in the super cyclone, the milk production of the State came down below 50%. In order to meet the requirement of the State Animal Husbandry Department the State Govt. has requested the Centre to supply bullock and cross-bred cows from neighbouring States. Bankers have been suggested to exempt the loans taken by the farmers and allow them fresh loans.

Swarna Jayanti Rojgar Yojana has been introduced in the State to supply bullock and cross bred cows at 33 to 50% subsidy to the farmers to purchase the same. Different Banks have been directed to provide loans to small diary and poultry units in the cyclone affected districts. Besides this, a High Power Committee under the Coordination of the Director of A.H.Dept. will visit the neighbouring States with the bankers and loanees to purchase the high bred milch cows as needed by the State.

Spl. Correspondent.
Nav Bharat & Central Chronnicle
Qr. No.VR - 411, Unit - 3, Bhubaneswar - 1

# PRESS RELEASE ON THE SUPER CYCLONE RELIEF MEASURES

Dt. 30.11.99

210 shallow tube wells (33 in Kendrapara + 96 in Jagatsinghpur + 25in Puri + 50 in Khurda+ 6 in Cuttack) have been installed to provide immediate relief in the affected areas and sinking of 77 more tubewells is in progress. (67 in Puri and 10 in Jagatsinghpur Districts).

Water quality monitoring is continuing to take corrective measures for bacteriological contamination and increase in salinity. Out of 1423 water samples tested so far results in 156 cases are bacteriologically contaminated. Out of these 156 tube-wells 122 have been disinfected.

20 water tankers deployed (19 in Jagatsinghpur + 1 in Puri district) to supply drinking water to the different villagers and to the free kitchen camps.

Free kitchen arrangements have been made in affected districts as detailed below:

Free kitchen arrangeme	Centres	Beneficiaries
District		93500 (on 29.11.99)
Jagatsinghpur	116	1,53,420 (on 29.11.99)
Jajpur	616	127,00 (on 29.11.99)
Cuttack	43	9150 (on 29.11.99)
Puri (Non-Govt.)	2	2.000 (on 29.11.99)
Bhadrak(Non-Govt.)	20 401	3,40,610 (on 29.11.99)
Kendrapara	401	can supplied to the affected dis

Total 143.5 truck load of medicine have been supplied to the affected districts as on 29.11.99.

Rural Drinking Water Supply:

- (a) No. of Tube wells repaired, disinfected and restored: (i) No. of spot sources (TW/SW) in the state as on 1.4.99 1,72,077 nos. (ii) No. of TW & SW in the 15 nos. Cyclone/Flood affected 1,02,347 nos.
- Districts (Existing) (iii) No. of TWs/SWs affected in the above 15 districts 39,985 nos.
- (iv) No. of TWs repaired/disinfected/restored till date 39,985 nos.
- (v) No. of affected TWs disinfected more than once including disinfection of unaffected tube wells 47,189 nos.

Out of 93506 cases of diarrheoal disorder 80 deaths reported till 29.11.99. Out of 182 cases of snake bite 4 deaths reported.

So far only 16 PSUs have reported for relief works in different affected districts.

- The death toll remains unchanged at 9885
- So far 2022905 new dhoties and sarees ,total 1534486 new and old garments,95138 blankets, 82850 bedsheets, 64145 utensils and total 739104 polyshelter have been supplied to the affected 14 districts including Ganjam & Gajapati.
- 8718.6 quintals of different seeds (Paddy, Wheat, Gram, Sunflower, Groundnut, Mung, Biri) have been supplied for distribution among farmers in the cyclone affected areas at subsidised rates.
- 102274 carcasses have been disposed of and 395099 injured animals have already been treated till 28.11.99.
- 1564 Mts. of cattle feed have been supplied to the districts by 28.11.99.

#### EPIDEMIC REPORT RECEIVED FROM CYCLONE AFFECTED DISTRICTS AS ON 29.11.99 AT 6 PM, CYCLONE, 1999.

District	Diarrhoeal Disorders Attacks			Snake Bite		Minor Ailments		
	IPD-	OPD	Total	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
Khurda	199	2675	2874	2	2	1	178974	1
Cuttack	1277	17171	18448	26	129	0	176116	0
Kendrapara	221	32570	32791	1	13	0 .	263713	0
J.S.Pur	2060	25576	27636	37	12	0		0
Jajpur	473	167	640	4	2	0	245325	0
Bhadrak	137	2998	3135	0	11	0	134766	0
Puri	335	2447	2782	3	5		188762	0
Keonjhar	514	413	927	1		0	179545	0
Balasore	454	3819	4273	6	0	0	5631	0.
Total	5670	87836			8	3	168305	0
Based on CD		100	93506	80	182	4	1541137	1
Ganjam Barang-1, Ta			828	2	3	0	23941	0

Barang-1, Tangi-6, Niali-9, Adaspur-7, Mahanga-2 and SCB MCH-1

Death up to 9th-6, on 12th-6 and on 13th-8, on 14th-1 on 15th-3, on 17th-1, on 18th-4, on 19th-2, on 20th-1 on 21st -1 on 22nd-1, on 24th-1, on 25th-2 deaths in Jagatsinghpur.

Erasama-21, Kujanga-12, Paradeep-2, Manijanga 2 deaths in JSPUR

Fever attack-315 Death-3 in Jajpur

366 Fever cases examined for blood smear, 16 found Malaria positive (PF+PV) in Bhadrak district. Subsequent investigation in Puri revealed one death on 24th was from outside of

#### WELLS DISINFECTED UPTO 29.11.1999.

District	Wells Disinfected		1st round	2nd round	3rd round	
	On the	Progressive				
Khurda	673	219208	75812	75812	67584	
	3151	256099	84301	84301	98133	
Cuttack		131386	87626	87626	34512	
Kendrapara	5822	152990	54121	54121	45123	
Jagatsinghpur	4888	94397	63399	63399	3548	
Jajpur	2314	47296	27527	27527	3833	
Bhadrak	1472	43544	29841	29841	2561	
Puri	502	1371	654	654	154	
Keonjhar	1254		31265	31265	1321	
Balasore	449	33865	454546	454546	256769	
Total	20525	980156	on of Relief mate	erials after the S	uper Cyclon	

Daily Situation report on supply and distribution of Relief materials after the Super Cyclone in Orissa-29-30 October, 1999 as on 29.11.99

Name of the District	Relief ma by air dro Sorties	terials supplied opping Rice, Chuda, Gur, Dry Food, Biscuit, CSB etc.	No.of trucks Chuda, dry water, fruits	s carrying Equipment, foods, Biscuits, s,candle, match box r, medicines etc.
Mayurbhanj	· /1			11 194
Balasore	32	77.84		349
Bhadrak	10	18.59 312.26+6 brls. K	oil	391
Cuttack Jagatsinghpur	120	67.80		231
Jajpur	30	07.00		60
Ganjam	-	132.05		429
Kendrapara	50			
Dhenkanal	-	3.90		75
Khurda	2			120
Nayagarh	10	25.50		120
Puri	1	1.60		1026
Keonjhar	255	639.54mt+6 brl	s. k.oil.	1836
Total	435			

#### DRUG DISTRIBUTION TILL 29.11.99

District	Bleaching Powder			O		Halogen Tablet			
	PRG 28/11	on the day	Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	on the day	Total		n the ay	Total
Khurda	1269	0	1269	117750	0 .	117750	272000	0	272000
Cuttack	2359	0	2359	268000	0	268000	514000	0	514000
Kendrapara	2549	0	2549	187250	0	187250	678000	0	678000
Jagatsinghpur	4287	0	4287	507370	0	507370	1694000	0	1694000
Jajpur	1455	0	1455	227000	0	227000	721000	0	721000
Bhadrak Puri	1045 1075	0	1045 1075	93000 581500	0	93000 581500	355000 388000	0	355000 388000
Keonjhar	300	0	300	30000	0	30000	0	0	0
Balasore	0	0	0	55000	0	55000	0	0	0
NGO from NG	0								
Cell Cap Hosp.	. 229	0	229	.141325	0	141325	181440	0	181440
Dhenkanal	300	0	300	3000	0	3000	120000	0	120000
Total	.14858	0	14858	. 2211795	0	2211795	4823440	0	4823440

District	IV fluids		1 1/3	IV Set				Paracetamol			
	PRG 28/11	on the day	Total	PRG 28/11	on the day	Total		on the	Total		
Khurda	13750	0	13750	7500	0	7500	471500		471500		
Cuttack	33761	0	33761	33050	0	33050	543250		543250		
Kendrapara	44383	0	44383	26800	0	26800	349000		349000		
Jagatsinghpur	38584	0	38584	53550	0	53550	515000		515000		
Jajpur	28315	0	28315	9700	0	9700	360000	A Contract	360000		
Bhadrak (**)	14400	0	14400	9200	0	9200	269400		269400		
Puri	1500	0	1500	8500	0	8500	60000		60000		
Keonjhar	4500	0	4500	2000	0	2000	23000		23000		
Balasore	13425	0	13425	10000	0	10000	20000	1.1	20000		
NGO from NC	GO								20000		
Cell Cap Hosp	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	105760	0 (	105760		
Dhenkanal	3000	0	3000	3000	0	3000	30000		30000		
Total	195618	0	195618	163300	0	163300	2746940		2746940		

District Norflox			Met	Metroniadazole		Co	Cotrimoxazole			Tatracycline		
2	PRG 28/11	on the	Total	PRG 28/11	on the	e Total	PRG 28/11	on the	e Total	PRG 28/11	on the day	Total
Khurda	42750	0	42750	199000	0	199000	508000	0	508000	106000	0	106000
Cuttack	85340	. 0	85340	309200	0	309200	314000	0	314000	115000	0	115000
Kendrapara	62000	0	62000	212400	0	212400	308600	0	308600	63000	0	63000
Jagatsinghpur	83000	0	83000	322000	: 0	322000	715800	0	715800	150000	. 0	15000
Jajpur	62400	0	62400	220000	. 0	220000	211050	0	211050	85440	0	85440
Bhadrak	25000	0	25000	83000	0	83000	215050	0	215050	15000	0	15000
Puri	39200	. 0	-39200	160000	. 0	160000	276000	0	276000	77000	0	77000
Keonjhar	9000	• 0	9000	10000	0	10000	20000	. 0	20000	12000	0	12000
Balasore	9000		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60000	0 .	60000
NGO from NGO Cell Cap Hosp.	25800	0	25800	53610	0	53610	25480	0	25480	102300	0	102300
Dhenkanal	9000	. 0	9000	0	0	0	200	0	200	26000	0	26000
	443490		443490	1568210	.0 1	568210	2594180	0	2594180	811740	0	811740

### STOCK AVAILABLE AS ON 29.11.1999

Bleaching Powder	8544
	751122
ORS	21781200
Halogen Tablets	
IV fluids	462943
	248305
IV Set	1692000
Paracetamol	3900
Norflox	
Matraniadazole	10000
Cotrimoxazola	14124500
	70000
Tetracycline	1828
Anti Snake Venom	
Furazolidin	155000
Furazonam	

Puri '

#### LOSS AND DAMAGE CAUSED BY THE SUPER CYCLONE OF 29TH / 30TH OCTOBER, 1999 - AT A GLANCE (Preliminary Assessment)

Position reported as on 29.11.1999

Name of the district	No.of	No. of	Loss of	No. of	No. of	Livestock	Damage to	Population	Crop area affec	ted in hectares
	Blocks/ ULBs	affected villages	human life reported	The state of the s	persons injured	casualty reported	houses	affected in lakhs	Paddy	Non-paddy
Puri	11/4	1714	301	4.	240	52764	134841	15.00	152820	-9845
Cuttack	14/4	1977	471	i <del>-</del>	1594	62114	433000	23.67	196883	-
Kendrapara	9/2	1567	469	-	-	77453	279091	14.00	162832	<b>可有意义</b>
Nayagarh	2	350	3	Nil	Nil	-	11190	1.50	79212	3140
Khurda	8/3	1167	91	5	201	53704	95540	13.11	74307	5728
Bhadrak	7/2	1356	98	28	-	9766	116880	13.47	183183	
Keonjhar	3/1	546	31	1	- , -,	8606	55200	2.50	106740	14243
Dhenkanal	8/3	766	55	-		11027	62230	00.70	125422	
Jagatsinghpur	8/2	1308	8119	- "	-	110682	284337	12.00 .	100505	
Jajpur	10/2	1160	188	6	472	19082	249893	15.50	187775	
Balasore	8/3	1748	.49	-		38778	96830	12.26	219135	
Mayurbhanj	9/2	341	10	Nil		555	9500	1.98	221277	-1 -4
Total	97/28	14000	9885	40	2507	444531	1828532	125.69	1810091	32956
Latest report of Loss & D submitted)	Damage cau	sed by the	Very Severe C	Cyclone of	f 17th–18t	h October'99	(includes Loss			
Ganjam	22/18	3162	197		402	10.516	322000	21.60	92496	26098
Gajapati	7	245	2 -			4	761	1.50	2354	<b>1</b>
A STANFORM TO SEE STANFORM TO SEE	4/2	50	4 -		4	62	6045	1.32	13518	243
	11/3 ; 1	714	2 -				2774	13.05	35.442	

#### SUPPLIES OF CLOTHING & SHELTER MATERIALS CUMULATIVE PROGRESS REPORT

Name of the district	Garments	Blankets	Bedsheets	Dhoti/	Polythene	Polytarpaulin	Polycare	HDPI	SIL paulin	Total	Utensil
The Mark States		and the second		saree			C		A STATE OF THE STA		
Balasore	36000	850	0	56700	42104	14000				56104	6000
Bhadrak	71900			100400	16008	2540		4 3 1 3	-	18548	2400
Cuttack	199325	25350		311300	58758	19900		3940	2000	84628	4600
Dhenkanal	28000	2195		24000	3984				- 1	3984	3600
Gajapati			-			3000		-		3000	
Ganjam	50991	8600		59501	30680		-			30680	9050
Jagatsinghpur	455170	30165	35300	602247	96015	41860	2470	2630	56620	199595	16395
Jajpur	102000	2250		257447	7632	9400		10194	4450	21706	6000
Kendrapara	328600	14554	36995	382660	171820	12050	-	7500	37282	228952	10150
Keonjhar	20000			12000	6720				4	6720	-
Khurda	111600	1774		124000	26716	1000			-	27216	4500
Mayurbhanj	20000	7000	**************************************	20000	4712					4712	
Nayagarh	-	2400		-	2584					2584	
Puri	110700		10555	77650	14229	5000			71452	40650	1000
Total	2534486	95138	87850	7027905	5 481471	108750	2470	24564	171834	739109	64445

# SUPER CYCLONE / FLOOD AFFECTED BLOCKS AS DAILY PROGRESS ON SUPPLY OF SEEDS TO THE ON 26.11.99

(Under Directorate of Agriculture)

		28.	27.	26.	25.	24.	23.	22.	21.	20.	CUT	SUB	19.	18.	17.	16.	15.	14.	13.	BH.	SUE	12.	Ξ.	10.	9.		7.	6.	5.	4.	ښ	2.	-	BAI	No.	SI.
		Athagarh	Mahanga	Nischintakoili	Kantapara	Barang	Tangi Choudwar	Salipur	Niali	Sadar	CUTTACK DISTRICT	SUB TOTAL	Bhandaripokhari	Dhamnagar.	Chandbali	Tihidi	Basudevpur	Bonth	Bhadrak	BHADRAK DISTRICT	SUB TOTAL	Jaleswar	Bhogarai	Baliapal '	Basta	Oupada	Nilagiri	Khaira	Simulia	Soro	Bahanaga	Remuna	Balasore	BALASORE DISTRICT		Block
			42.0	i	1	ı	5.4	42.0	ŧ	į.	CT .	•	-			,	1		ı	ICT	1	1	•	1	ı		1	,			7	1	1	UCT		Padd
		32.0	5.2	-	3.1	1	3.5	2.8	3.0	2.0		139.9	•	31.2	35.2	49.9	12.0	•	11.6		88.8	12.0	6.0	10.0	10.0		11.2	ı'		•	1	20.4	19.2			Paddy Wheat
			. 1	r	ı			T-		•		3.9	1	1.5		0.7	0.7	0.3	0.7		6.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7		0.8		1.4		7	0.7	0.7		a	Mung
		ı	'	1	,							4.0		0.8	,	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		16.0	4.0	1.6	2.4	1.6		0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	16			Biri
4	0.0	0.7	٠ (		-	į	1 0	) . ) (	<u> </u>			7 6	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	16.		7.4	0.6			0.4	0.6	3.6	0.6			1	1.2	0.4		Cram rpea	Grom
	5.0	2.3	1	1.0	. ,	1.0	2.0	0.1	0.6	,	8.81	1.5	8.8	14.7	20.1	17.7	17.1	10.9	0	71./	017	70	20.5	20.0	3.00	10.7	10.7	104	-	3.0	3.0	19.6	21.8	4	rpea	F
	3.6	4.6	,	2.0		1.5	5.0	2.0	1.0	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	100.9	10.0	16.5	11.5	13.3	20.4	13.0	16.2		127.4	3.7	1.2	3.0	2.4	8.2	20.1	13.4	1. 2.	13.2	15.7	16.4	33.6	170		Mustard Sunflower	
. 2			. 20		,	1		,										,			•			i	,	•		•	1						bunflower	
217.0	•	78.0	262.3	21.0	26.5		108.8			70.0	70.0			•	1	,	. 1							•	,				-	•	•				G.Nut	
•	۱ .	i								•	. 1	4	1		,	1			3					1										6.	HT	Fig.
263.6	78.U 56.1	209,4	0.17	31.0	30.3	53.8	115.8	3.6		442.7	92.1	69.4	62.0	85.4	52.2	31.8	49.8		324.3	20.2	10.4	13.4	20.0	181	13 k	47.7	25.2	7.6	19.0	20.2	65.3	60.7			Total	Fig. in Qtl.

	OX	1 1000	rie de la company	Like All	A THE STATE OF			A STATE				Orissa	Review
1	Dec	cember -1999			DE RESERVE							100	NO THE
	29.	Baramba		1.6	-	-	0.2	1.2	0.6		-	Almus S	3.6
		Narsinghpur		1.6	-		0.2	2.4	1.6	- 4			5.9
		Banki	_	6.6	-	-	3.4	2.7	4.0				10.9
1		Dampara		2.8	-	-	0.4	1.8	1.6			Z.Atto	6.6
		Tigiria		0.6		-	-	1.0	1.0	-			2.6
		TOTAL	89.4	65.2		-	17.6	22.0 -	28.7		713.6	***	936.5
		SATSINGHPUR									70.0		112.0
		Jagatsinghpur		20.0	4	-	- 1	10.0	12.0	•	70.0		112.0 228.0
		Raghunathpur		10.0			2.0	2.0	4.0		210.0		78.0
		Biridi		2.0	4	-	1.0	1.0	4.0	-	70.0	Lings St	143.0
	37.	Balikuda		2.0	5 1 2 1	-	2.0	2.0	2.0		70.0		82.0
				4.0		-	2.0	2.0	4.0		70.0		78.0
		Tirtol				-	2.0	2.0	4.0		112.0		217.0
	40.		33.0	40.0	-	-	10.0	10.0	12.0	***************************************	70.0		132.4
1		Erasama	50.0	0.4	-	7	4.0	4.0	4.0		807.0		1070.4
		B TOTAL	83.0	78.4			23.0	33.0	46.0		807.0		1070.4
1		PUR DISTRIC							0.7				6.4
		Jajpur		3.6		-	-	2.1	0.7			1	201.4
		Binjharpur	178.2	-			6.0	6.0	e. 11.2				301.092 4 A
		Korei	170.2		-	-	-		4.1			1	147.3
1	45.		117.0	20.0	. 1	-	2.0	4.2	5,4				120.9
1		Dasarathpur	87.0	18.0			6.0	4.5	0.8				3.5
1		Sukinda		1.2	4			1.5	1.0				4.2
		Dangadi		2.0		-	-	4.9	5.0				23.9
1	49.			12.0	is all the	-	2.0	2.0	2.0				41.0
1	50.	- Hai masara	24.0	10.0			3.0	5.5	5.4		224.0		249.9
1	51.	- aremana		12.8		-		31.9	35.6		224.0		798.5
1		B TOTAL	406.2	79.6			21.2	31.7					
1		NDRAPARA D		CT			5.2	4.0			112.0		139.7
	52.		10.5	8.0		176	5.2	1.0	4			-	18.0
-	53.			-	1207		-		A Pigt	-		1	6.0
1	54.		6.0			/3.	4.0	4.0	- 8.0		197		276.2
1	55.		260.2				4.0	4.0	12.0				101.0
	56.		81.0	1			2.8	3.0	5.0		-		294.8
	57.	3 0	284.0				2.0	2.0	5.0				308.0
	58.		297.0	2.0			8.0	9.2	12.0			7	203.6
		Derabis	166.4	8.0			4.0	4.6	5.0	-		A Committee	336.2
		Kendrapara	319.4	3.2			30.0	30.8	47.0		112.0	-	1683.5
	SU	BTOTAL	1442.5	21.2			3.×0.4		A Barrier				
	DE	IENKANAL DI	STRIC	Т			1.2	49.1	1.4	1.9		+	61.6
		Hindol		8.0			1.0	4.9	1.6	1.2	70.0	HILE JA	82.7
	62.		ar -	4.0			1.0	54.7	1.6	1.6	134.8	1	199.7
	63.			6.0		-	1.0	4.2	1.2	0.6	-	-	7.0
-	64.		-						To the let				
100											AND THE RESERVE		

December -1999					3.15				(A)	(C)0
			-	THAT!			-		Crissa	Review
65. Bhuban	- 4	1.0		1.0	5.6	1.4	1.0	70.0		83.0
66. Odapada	- 4	1.0		1.0	30.7	1.4	1.0	70.0		108.1
67. Gondia	- (	5.0		1.0	55.6	1.8	1.2	70.0		65.6
68. Parjang									4 ) 14	03.0
SUB TOTAL	- 32	2.0		7.2	204.8	10.4	8.5	344.8	1	
KEONJHAR DIS	STRICT					10.4	0.5	344.8		607.7
69. Anandapur		6.4							THE PARTY	
70. Hatadihi		-						Televisia.	- ME	
71. Ghasipur	-								3/1/2	William Control
SUB TOTAL								1	-	
MAYURBHANJ	DISTRICT									
72. Barasahi										
73. Somakhunta	-	1-41-5					to the to		-	
74. Betnati		-	-	10 P	•					
75. Joshipur			_						172.42	-
76. Thakurmunda		- / 100-			-					
77. Udala	-	-							N.A	
78. Kaptipada			-			7 1004 200	16.00			
79. Gopabandhun	agar	-	-					MARK.	-	
80. Khunta	÷	-			100			A Sittle		
SUB TOTAL	•			Mary.						
PURI DISTRICT							•		•	
81. Krushnaprasac	d - +	-								
82. Bramhagiri	87.0					0.6		67.2		67.2
83. Sadar	53.2			0.1		, 0.6				87.6
84. Gop	- 1.	6		0.1		0.6	-	324.0		377.9
85. Kakatpur	- 2.	0 _		No. of	111	0.4		105.0		107.0
86. Astarang		-				1.2	-	74.5	-	77.7
87. Nimapara	- 2.	8 -				3.0		70.0	-	73.0
88. Pipili	- 0.	8 -				0.8	Minat.	131.0	-	134.6
89. Delanga				40		0.6		235.0	-	236.4
90. Kanas	- 0					1.0		30.0		31.0
91. Satyabadi						1.0		65.0		66.0
SUB TOTAL	140.2 7.	2 .		0.1		0.4		94.5		. 94.9
KHURDA DISTR	ICT					9.6		1196.2		1353.3
92. Bhubaneswar	•				To the second					
93. Jatni			127		0.2	2.4		26.3		28.7
94. Balipatna	- Ó.	8 -			0.3	0.4				0.7
95. Balianta					4.014	1.4	4.5	35.0		37.2
96. Khurda				2.4	1 3 3	4.0	1/4	79.8		83.8
97. Begunia		-		2.4	1.2	0.6				4.2
98. Bolgarh					0.3	0.5	140	STATE		
99. Tangi	-				1.2	1.5		-	- <del>-</del>	0.8
					1.2					2.7
		建美 在 1	Marine M.	- 20				23.0		24.2

December -1999										Orissa	Revieu
100. Chilika		THERE			W.F.		H. Sala	nic (		1	Citien to
101. Banpur					03.52						
SUB TOTAL		0.8		-	2.4	4.2	10.8		164.1		182.3
NAYAGARH DIST	RICT										
102. Bhapur			-		-	0.6	1.2				1.8
103. Ranapur	-	- 1	-		-	1.8	4.0			:	5.8
SUB TOTAL		The state of the s	-	-		2.4	5.2	<u>.</u>	-	-	7.6
GANJAM DISTRIC	CT										
104. Patrapur	9.0	0.8	4	1	0.2	23.2	2.0	1.0			36.2
105. Chikiti	19.5	0.4	-		-	21.0	2.6	1.0	4 1	-	44.5
106. Rangeilunda	21.0	0.8	_	-	0.4	39.0	4.4	1.1		-	66.7
107. Kukudakhandi	3.0	0.4	-	-	0.4	15.3	2.8	1.0		-	22.9
108. Sanakhemundi	13.5	0.8		-	0.4	23.9	2.6	3.2	70.0	-	114.4
109. Digapahandi	13.5	1.6	_	-	0.4	18.4	1.9	2.0	-		37.8
110. Chatrapur	4.5	-	-		0.2	19.2	2.2	1.5	70.0	-	97.6
111. Ganjam	6.0	1.2	-	-	0.2	22.0	2.5	1.5			33.4
112. Purusottampur	16.5	- 1	-	2	0.2	24.7	2.8	2.7	70.0	C+-	116.9
113. Hinjilikat	4.5	0.4	-			24.1	2.1	1.2	7	-	32.3
114. Khalikote	6.0	*	-	-	0.2	12.0	1.9	1.0		11/-	21.1
115. Beguniapada	18.0	-			0.2	23.2	2.4	2.8			46.6
116. Kabisuryanagar	4.5		-	-	0.2	12.0	2.2	1.6	-	-	20.5
117. Polsara	25.2			-	0.2	24.1	1.5	3.0	2 7		54.0
118. Aska	- 1	0.8	-	-		73.0	2.8	1.0		-	77.6
119. Seragarh	4.5	0.8	-		-	89.3	. 1.5	1.6	-		97.7
120. Dharakote	5,1	0.4		-	0.2	77.0	1.5	1.3	-		85.5
121. Sorada	17.1	0.8	No. in a	of the	0.2	38.1	1.6	1.5	· · · · ·	1349	59.3
122. Bhanjanagar	18.0	2.8	11 12 · 1		,0.4	96.6	3.2	4.2			125.2
123. Belaguntha	4.8	0.8	-		- 1	19.6	3.0	1.4		-	29.6
124. Jagannathprasad	3.0	1.6	-	-		19.0	1.0	2.0			26.6
125. Buguda	7.2	0.8	-			53.1	1.8	2.6	÷5.	7	65.5
	224.4	15.2			4.0	767.8	50.3	40.2	210.0		1311.9
GAJAPATI DISTRI	CT			1	*						
126. Kasinagar		-	-			•	40° 43° ± 1,0	•			
127. Parlakhemundi		2 (	-	-	į,	The state of	1			*	
128. Rayagada		2 2	7	100	1		1 . A T	-			-
129. Guma		1 1		\$ 100°		-	-	3	-		
130. Nuagada			-			- /	- 1		÷ (*)	-14	
131. R.Udayagiri			-		4	-	7	-	7.17		None -
132. Mohana	-						-	7		1.7	
SUB TOTAL								<u> </u>	2044.6	, s <del>-</del> 1	0710 <
GRAND TOTAL 23	385 7	528.3	10.3	20.0	116.1	1307.4	471.9	48.7	3841.6	•	8718.6

## REPORTING OF CENTRAL PSUs FOR RELIEF WORK AS ON 29.11.99

Sl. No.	Name of the PSU	District	Block
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	Mrs. Hindusthan Zinc IRCON Neyveli Lignite ONGC M/s BHEL IPCL NTPC Bharat Earth Movers M/s Andrew Yule M/s DVC IAO RSP (SAIL) SAIL IRCON	District  Jajpur -do- Puri -do- Jagatsinghpur -dododo- Bhadrak -dododo- Cuttack	Dasarathpur Mangalpur Astarang Nimapara Ersama Ersama-II Balikuda-II Balikuda Bhadrak Sadar Chandbali Tihidi Dhamnagar
			Dhamnagar Kantapada Salipur Kendrapara Anandpur

### DAILY SITUATION REPORT ON SUPPLY OF RICE AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AFTER SUPER CYCLONE IN ORISSA 29-30TH OCTOBER, 1999 (FOOD SUPPLY AND CONSUMER WELFARE DEPARTMENT) As on 28.11.99

Name of the District		As on 28.11			
Name of the District		Mater	ial Supplied		
	Rice (in MT)	Petrol (in KL)	Diesel (in KL)	SKO (in KL)	LPG
Bhadrak Cuttack Jagatsinghpur Jajpur Kendrapara Khurda Puri Keonjhar Balasore Mayurbhanj Nayagarh Dhenkanal	4497.912 7640.747 7383.586 5248.604 8143.166 2849.430 4422.572 1282.980 4487.028 125.231 6.530 127.800	114.1 820.0 140.0 229.0 125.0 1596.0 218.0 117.0 251.0 4.0 3.5 103.0	799.0 3204.0 405.0 1620.0 548.5 3890.0 899.0 1132.0 3016.0 23.0 8.0	2046.0 4896.0 2093.5 2473.0 1683.5 2583.0 1990.0 1322.5 2758.0 NR 23.0	(in cylinder) 3000 31800 5400 4800 2700 46500 8400 2100 6600 NR NR
Total	46215.586	3720.6	591.0	1345.5 23214.0	3900

# ACTION TAKEN FOR CYCLONE AFFECTED AREAS OF THE STATE BY HEALTH & FW DEPARTMENT UPTO 29.11.1999 FROM CONTROL ROOM DIRECTORATE OF HEALTH SERVICES, ORISSA, BHUBANESWAR.

District	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	Doctors	1 ARIN		Para-Medic	als	Truck	with Medicin	ies
	Progressive	Upto 8 PM	Total	Progressive	Upto 8 PM	1 Total	Progressive	Upto 8 PM	Total
	total	of 29.11.99	Party.	total	of 29.11.99	)	total	of 29.11.99	
Cuttack	23 .	0	23	4	0	4	25	0	25
Puri	13	-5	8	12	0	12.	12	0	12
Kendrapara	37	0	37	50	0	50	19	0	19
Khurda	0	0	0	2	0	2	13	0	. 13
Jagatsinghpur	50	-3	47	131	0	131	35	0	*35
Keonjhar	0	0	0	0	0	.0.	5	0	. 5
	6	-1	5	1	-1	0	17.5	0	17.5
Jajpur-	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9
Balasore	1	0	1	1	0	1	5	0	5
Bhadrak	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3 .
Dhenkanal	0	-9		201	-1	200	143.5	0 . 1	43.5
Total	130	-9			and the first term	CE STATE OF STREET		THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	

D: 4 : 4	Mol	oile Unit		Vel	nicle	
District	Progressive	Upto 8 PM of 29.11.99	Total	Progressive total	Upto of 29.	8 PM Total 11.99
	total	0	6	7	0	7
Cuttack	6	0	7	9	0	9
Puri	7		3	7	0	7
Kendrapara	. 3	0	0		0	
Khurda	. 0	0	0	41	0	41
Jagatsinghpur	21	0	21	0	0	0
Keonjhar	0	0	0	7	0	7
Jajpur	7	. 0	1		0	0
Balasore	0	0	0.	0	0	1
	1	0	1	The state of the s		1
Bhadrak	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dhenkanal	0 .	. 0	45	73	0	73
Total	45	0				

## PRESS NOTE ON CYCLONE RELIEF MEASURES BY GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

The Government of Karnataka has adopted 'Kendrapara district' and extended all possible help for relief and rehabilitation. As on date, the Government of Karnataka has gifted the following materials to Kendrapara district through the District Collector, Kendrapara.

		The Concetor, Kendrapara.
1.	High density polythene sheets	
2.	Milk powder	2.75 lakh sq.mts.
3.	Energy food	2 lorry loads
4.	Dhoties	20 Metric tonnes
5.	Sarees	20,000 nos.
6.	Cotton blankets	40,000 nos.
7.	Woolen blankets	- 19,980 nos.
8.	Match box	- 8000 nos.
9.	Wax candles	1 truck load (7.2 lakh boxes)
10.	Rice noddles	4850 kgs.
- 11.	Medicines	1250 cartons of 72 units each
12.	Footwear	1072 container boxes (3 lorry loads)
		12,230 pairs for men
13.	Rice	7,730 pairs for women
14.	Moong Dal	405 Metric Tonnes
15.	Cattle feed	30 Metric Tonnes
16.	Bleaching powder	1 truck load
17.	Garments (Ladies & Children)	- 1 truck load
		1 truck load
	The Chief Mini	1044

The Chief Minister of Karnataka has already sent cash contributions of Rs.2 crores to Orissa. All Govt. employees have decided to contribute one day's salary amounting to 15 crores. Ministers, MLCs and MLAs are donating one month's salary. Several public sector and private sector companies have agreed to donate one day's salary of their employees and matching contribution from the management side. Besides several voluntary organisations based in Karnataka are directly conducting relief operations in the affected districts

## DEPLOYMENT OF ARMY PERSONNEL AS ON 25.11.99

2. T.A. Bn.	<ol> <li>Mahakalpada</li> <li>Kendrapara</li> <li>Tirtol</li> <li>Erasama</li> <li>Ghoda</li> <li>Kendrapara</li> <li>Jagatsinghpur</li> <li>Paradeep</li> </ol>	- 1 coy - 1 coy - 1 coy - 1 coy - 2 coy - 1 coy		Engg.	<ol> <li>Tirtol</li> <li>Jagatsinghpur</li> <li>Tirtol</li> <li>Jagatsinghpur</li> <li>Total</li> </ol>	- 1 cov
	o. r aradeep	- 1 coy	100			

## FORCE POSITION IN THE DISTRICTS AFFECTED BY THE SUPER CYCLONE AS ON 25.11.99

		CT	RAF	MPSAF	APR	MISC.	TOTAL
District	OSAP	CISF		(coy)	(plts)	(plts)	(platoons)
	(plts)	(coy)	(coy)	- (603)	2	DIC - 1	32
Cuttack	16	1	1		515	RC - 1	
					ACTIVITY.	PTC - 3	
						DIC - 1	19
Kendrapara	9.	1	1			PTC - 3	
			2	7		PTC - 3	45
Jagatsinghpur	. 9	2	1			RC - 1	- 14
Jajpur	7	1	1		-		10
Puri	7	1		AL PROPERTY	3	RC - 3	19
Khurda	7	2			10,00	The state of the s	5
Balasore	2	I			-	RC - 1	14
Bhadrak	- 7	1	6	7	5	20	172
Total	68	13	0		nlt OSAP		

1 plt. OSAP 1 plt. OSAP Total 2 coys CISF C.B Highway patrolling 1 coy CISF 2 plts. OSAP Karuna At SWC, Jagatpur

At Barachana

## DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE SUPER CYCLONE

29th — 30th OCTOBER 1999.

1. No. of districts affected	<u>-</u>	12
2. No. of Blocks/ULB affected	- <u>-</u>	97/28
3. No. of G.P.S affected	100	1846
4. No. of Villages affected	17 - 12 A 192	14,643
5. Total population affected	4-1	129.22 lakhs
6. No. of human casualities	Training Tole	9887
7. No. of missing persons	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	40
8. No. of injured person	-	2507
9. No. of houses washed away		23129
10. No. of houses fully collapsed		7,46,337
11. No. of houses partially collapsed		880620
12. Total livestock causuality (315886 cattle +		
316372 others)		632258
13. Poultry causuality		1883468
R.D. DEPARTMENT		,
Total R.D. Roads affected		12 000 1
Total R.D. bridges affected		12,000 km. road 1474 no.
Total R.D. buildings affected		7020
		7020
WORKS DEPARTMENT		
Total P.W.D. Roads affected		444 no.
Total P.W.D. buildings affected	-	18059
FISHERIES & ANIMAL RESOURCES DEPAR	RTMENT	
Total fisherman families affected		25889
Govt. buildings affected		153
No. of fishing harbours affected		
No. of Jetties affected		2
No. of fishing boats destroyed		19
No. of fishing nets destroyed		9085
WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT		-22143
No. of breaches caused in flood embankments		
No. of breaches in caused embankments		2005
No. of minor irrigation projects affected		8647
No. of L.I. points affected		422
		5636
HIGHER EDUCATION & MASS EDUCATION No. of Universities affected	DEPTT	
and the control of th	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
(Utkal University & Sri Jagannath Sanskrit Un	niversity)	2

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No. of Govt. Colleges affected	13
No. of Private Colleges affected	53
No. of High Schools affected	3425
No. of Primary Schools affected	14901
PANCHAYATIRAJ DEPARTMENT	11986
No. of Primary schools buildings affected	5961
No. of P.R. bridges affected	6967
No. of Panchayat tanks & M.I.Ps. affected	6391
No. of Drinking water wells affected	
AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT	17.33 lakh hectares
Total agricultural land affected	13.51 lakh hectares
Paddy land affected	2.57 lakh hectares
No. of paddy land affected	1.76 lakh hectares
Horticulture crops affected	1733 cr
Tetal area loss in agricultural sector	188 (0.135 lakh hectare)
Total patches of cashew plantation arrests	347808
Tatal as of coshew trees UDIOUICU	605542
Total no. of cashew tree partly damaged	003312
	7000
ENERGY DEPARTMENT  Power supply system affected in  Power supply system affected in	17032 villages
Transmission Towers collapsed / suffered	39
Transmission Towers compared DEPTT	
COMMERCE & TRANSPORT DEPTT.  Installation of Paradeep and Gopalpur Port have be	en severely affected.
Installation of Paradeep and Gopaipar	11
No. of motor launches affected	
FOREST & ENVIRONMENT DEPTT.	90 million
No. of trees uprooted or damaged	95750 hectares
Total forest area affected	
ES DEPTT.	
HANDLOOM & TEXT	Co-op. Society
No. of Weavers affected - 21702 of 352 Weavers' C	
TARE DEPT.	1485
No. of Peripheral health institutions affected	
N f Hamaonaille/Ayur	
TOP VELOPINE	
HOUSING & UNDITED installations, school buildi	ings and water supply systems in 28

Roads, drains, electrical installations, school buildings and water supply systems in 28 Urban Local Bodies have been completely devastated.

## RELIEF AND RESTORATION MEASURES

## EMERGENT RELIEF:

15 days emergent relief have been provided. Free kitchens for 7 days and in critically

686300 nos.

affected areas for another one week have been pro	ovided	
Rice supplied	-	46215.58 MT
Dal supplied		2000 MT
Kerosene oil supplied	Arrest Land	23214.0 k.l.
LPG cylinders supplied		115200 no.
Other relief materials (chuda, gud, clothing,		. 113200 110.
matchbox, candle etc) supplied		2020 trucks
639.54 MT of food materials airdropped in 2	255 sorties	2020 trucks
Dhoti & saree distributed	- sorties.	2022905 nos.
Garments distributed	Harris Harris	
Blankets distributed		1389886 pairs
Bedsheets distributed		95038 nos.
Utensils distributed		82850 nos.
Polythene pieces supplied		63945 nos.
	-	686300 nos

### **HOUSE BUILDING GRANTS:**

- An amount of Rs.3500/-, Rs.2000/- and Rs.1000/- have been sanctioned for fully swept away, fully collapsed and partly collapsed houses respectively. A sum of Rs.119.80 crores has been released for this purpose.
- 5000 MT cattle feed have been supplied to 25 severely affected blocks. 3184000 injured animals have been treated. 99333 carcasses have been disposed of.
- Besides 531 doctors and 346 paramedical workers from neighbouring states, 1122 doctors & 2141 para-medical workers of the state are engaged in providing medical facilities.
- 39985 no. of tubewells have been repaired and disinfected.

## PROPOSED PROGRAMMES:

- Supply of seeds for Rabi crops at 50% subsidised rate.
- Installation of 30,000 private L1 points through OAIC at 50% subsidy.
- Supply of 300 power tillers & 2000 tractors at 50% subsidy.
- Replantation of Cashew trees in damaged area.
- Re-establishment of Coastal Shelter Belt of 18000 hectares.
- Rehabilitation of mangrove forests over 25000 hectares.
- Re-building of Nandnkanan & other Zoos affected by super cyclone.
- Restoration of water supply system, electrical installations & streets lighting, park, residential buildings maintained by BDA & GA Deptt.
- Allow conversion of short term loan to medium term loan repayble in five annual installments with two years moratorium by the affected people.
- Reconstruction of 6000 school buildings as per new designs.
- At a cost of Rs. 300.00 having multipurpose utility such as Cyclone Shelters and Anganwadi shelters to be built.

- To repair and restoration of EHT lines and substations and replacement of electric lines.
- To repair and reconstruction of two Fishing Harbours and Jetties and provision of financial assistance to traditional fishermen relating to marine sector for their damaged boats and
- To supply minikits with fertilisers for growing fooder (cattle feed) in farmers plots to meet livestock food requirement.
- To supply medicins to Veterinary D-3 Livestock Aid Centres for vaccination of livestock & poultry and to make provisions for mobile veterinary aid and services to gear up Veterinary
- Introduction of loan schme for supply of milch animals, Bullocks, Bullock Carts, Sheeps, Goats and broiler units and establishment of backyard poultry units.
- Continuation of supply of BPL rice 20 Kgs. per family for 5 months to all the families in respective of their economic status as measure of providing food security.
- Repair and Restoration of official and residential buildings, roads and water supply system.
- Provision of new looms to weavers and restoration of damaged properties in Handloom &
- Reconstruction and renovation of building of Health Institutions with RCC roofs, facility of HAM for emergency communication at district & state level and provision of contigency funds through ZSS to meet such calamity situations.
- Repair and reconstruction of SCB Medical College, Cuttack, SVP PGIP Cuttack, MKCG NXG Berhampur and AHRCE Cuttack and other Ayurvedic & Homeopathic institution.
- Provision of a Scheme envisaging construction of cyclone resistant houses with unit cost of Rs. 30,000, out of which the loan component is Rs. 20,000 and the rest being subsidy to
- Repair and reconstruction of Gram Panchayat/ Panchayat Samiti building, tanks, MIPs of Blocks & Gram Panchayats and provision of income support to vulnerable households in the cyclone affected areas and construction of only cement & structures under Rural Housing
- Installation of 10,000 new tube wells in the affected districts.
- Repair and reconstruction of SC/ST 25 High Schools, 15 Ashram Schools, 3 Kanyashrams, 28 Residential Sevashrams, 141 Sevashrams, 6 Adivasi Hostels and SC & ST Research Training Institutes, Bhubaneswar and provision of garments and teaching materials to 63,592
- Restoration of major/medium irrigation projects, Reconstruction of 422 minor irrigation projects, closure of breaches at river and canal embankments and repair of 635 damaged
- Repair and reconstruction ICDs projects, Anganwadi Centres, orphanages, short stay homes rehabilitation of distressed women and provision of financial assistance to 4948 Self Help Repair and restoration of damaged Nation Highways and 18,059 PWD buildings. Groups.

# SCHEME FOR PROVIDING HOUSING LOANS TO CYCLONE AFFECTED RURAL POOR AND URBAN POOR IN THE GANJAM DISTRICT THROUGH ORISSA RURAL HOUSING & DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD. (ORHDC)

## 1. The Cyclonic Disasters in Orissa during October '99

The Ganjam District was devastated severely by cyclone on 17th/18th October, 1999. Immediately thereafter, another super cyclone followed devastating 10 other coastal districts, (Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapara, Jajpur, Cuttack, Khurda, Puri, Nayagarh, Balasore, Bhadrak, Keonjhar and Dhenkanal). Apart from loss of human lives, livestock and other materials, about 25,000 houses reported to have been damaged/partly damaged in Ganjam District, while about 1,50,000 houses/tenements have been damaged/partly damaged in the remaining about 10 districts as per the provisionally estimate of the Government.

#### 2. HUDCO's commitment for assistance

In a fax message, the Chairman and Managing Director of HUDCO, indicated to the Chief Secretary on 18th October, 99 that HUDCO was willing to extend financial assistance in the rehabilitation programme.

#### 3. Target group

The target group under the scheme may cover rural and urban/semi-urban households having a monthly income upto Rs.2,100/- only.

#### 4. Target

A target of 25000 in the Ganjam district (number of units/beneficiaries) may be allocated on the basis of the households affected by the cyclone. About 50,000 number of units (out of 1,50,000 houses) affected by the super cyclone will be the target group to be assisted by ORHDC with financial assistance from HUDCO as well as NHB. The quantum of financial assistance requirements is estimated as under.

## 5. Quantum of estimate of financial assistance

(a) Cyclone affected on 17th & 18th October, 99

Houses damaged /partly damaged districts appeared

25000(provisional estimate)

districts covered

Ganjam District:

No. of units 25000 (1st phase demand)

Project cost Rs.7411.50 lakhs
Loan applied Rs.6250.00 lakhs

@ Rs.25,000/- each

(b) Super cyclone affected on 29th & 30th October.

Houses damaged /partly damaged districts covered

150000(provisional estimate)

Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapara, Jajpur, Cuttack, Khurda, Puri, Nayagarh, Balasore, Bhadrak,

Keonjhar & Dhenkanal

No. of units
Project cost
Loan applied
Rs.14823.00 lakhs
Rs.12500.00 lakhs

@ Rs.25,000/- each

Total loan to be applied Rs.18750.00 lakhs 6. Govt. Guarantee

The Govt. of Orissa will be approached by ORHDC to secure Govt. Guarantee for the borrowing from HUDCO and National Housing Bank.

## 7. Enhancement of Capital Base of ORHDC

Govt. of Orissa will be approached by ORHDC to enhance the capital base to match the need-based borrowings from HUDCO/NHB.

## 8. Identification of beneficiaries

The District Collectorate will identify the villages. Among the identified villages, the beneficiaries will be selected by Revenue Officials/Palli Sabha. The consolidated list of

identified beneficiaries will be made available to ORHDC and ORHDC will finally select the beneficiaries as per the prescribed norms, depending on the land documents etc.

## 9. Upper limit of Construction Assistance subsidy/Loan

Ceiling of subsidy given under the scheme is upto Rs.3,000/- per household in addition to relief subsidy.

## 10. Maximum limit of the loan which can be sanctioned under the scheme

Although the maximum loan limit is fixed at Rs.40,000/- housing loans with a ceiling upto Rs.25,000/- will be provided to the EWS beneficiaries in the normal circumstances. Loan component to be provided in instalments by ORHDC through HUDCO/NHB based loan assistance, depending on progress of construction.

- 11. Rate of Interest 11% p.a. for EWS category.
- 12. Term of the loan 15 years.

#### 13. Recovery of the loan amount

The recovery of the loan component will be sought to be made by ORHDC as per normal EWS rural housing scheme.

#### 14. Housing Delivery

ORHDC will facilitate providing costeffective building technology for the housing
programme through supply of low-cost building
materials produced at the Building Centres.
Wherever feasible building materials will be made
available to improve the housing delivery. Family
labour component of the beneficiary household
will be made compulsory in the construction of
their own houses.

## 15. Administrative / Supervision set up of ORHDC

Immediate measures are being taken to enlarge the existing administrative/supervision set up of ORHDC. Wherever necessary camp office/satellite offices will be opened to meet the urgent requirements to assist the affected beneficiaries.

## 16. Co-ordinating authority in the State level

The Secretary to Government, Housing & Urban Development Department.

## PROPOSED EWS HSG SCHEMES FOR SANCTION

Rural EWS Schemes to be applied to HUDCO for sanction.

(a) Cyclone affected on 17th & 18th October'99

Houses damaged 25000(provisional /partly damaged estimate)

#### Districts covered

Ganjam & Gajapati District:

No. of units 25000 (1st phase demand)

Project cost Rs.7411.50 lakhs

Leon applied Rs.6250.00 lakhs

Loan applied
@ Rs.25,000/- each

The relative cash loan schemes of HUDCO in the prescribed applications are enclosed.

(b) Super cyclone affected on 29th & 30th October, 99

Houses damaged 150000(provisional /partly damaged estimate)

districts covered

Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapara, Jajpur, Cuttack, Khurda, Puri, Nayagarh, Balasore, Bhadrak,

Keonjhar & Dhenkanal

No. of units 50000 (1st phase demand)
Project cost Rs.14823.00 lakhs
Loan applied Rs.12500.00 lakhs

@ Rs.25,000/- each

## Total loan to be applied Rs.18750.00 lakhs

Orissa State was affected devastating cyclones on 17th and 18th October, 99 in Ganjam District and on 29th & 30th October, 99 covering 11 Districts (Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapara, Jajpur, Cuttack, Khurda, Puri, Nayagarh, Balasore, Bhadrak, Keonjhar and Dhenkanal) A total sum of Rs.187.50 crores is necessary to provide loan assistance through HUDCO finance.

Since ORHDC is the Nodal Agency for all the building Centres a grant assistance may be sought from HUDCO for setting up 12 Special Building Centres, @ Rs.15 lakhs-one in each affected district and also grant assistance for setting up of 11 Model Villages (@ Rs.35 lakhs-one in each affected district) as per the norms approved by HUDCO. The grant assistance will be routed through ORHDC and the Building Centres may be set up through Private Enterprise who have the requisite expertise.

Source: ORHDC Ltd.

## SUPER CYCLONE RELIEF: NGO PARTICIPATION

**Progress Report**: (On the basis of available information)

#### 1. Organisations Involved/Offered Assistance:

- (i) International NGOs: 20(ii) National/Regional NGOs.: 20(iii) Local NGOs: 101
- 2. Carcass Disposal: 13,500 (16 NGOs involved)
- 3. Human Body Disposal: 3,500 (16 NGOs involved)

#### 4. Free Community Kitchen:

- (i) 75 centres catering to 22,500 persons per day.
- (ii) Dera of Pehwa organised free kitchen for 1,00,000 persons/day from 13.11.99, at Jagatsinghpur.
- (iii) 35,000 families provided food ration by OXFAM.
- (iv) 32,000 persons per day being provided food by Red-Cross.
- (v) ISKCON has distributed food packets to 2,55,370 persons.
- (vi) 170 distribution centres are being run by Utkala Bipanna Sahayata Samiti, catering to 80,000 persons per day.
- (vii) 32,000 persons/day: provided food by ODMM.
- (viii) Gita Press: 20,000 persons/day in 17 centres.
- (ix) 1059 MT of BPL rice 25 MT of wheat have been issued to 29 NGOs for running free kitchens. 2,25,670 persons were served 19,99,148 meals in 110 centres spread over 30 blocks in 8 districts.

#### 5. Distribution of Relief Material:

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	Rice Chuda/RTE Pulses Oil Potato Salt Flour Milk powder Bread Nutrimix Sugar CSB Gur Eggs- Cooked food Clothes Candle sticks Match Box	1,572 MT 2000 MT 50 MT 4100 pails 24 MT 3 MT 7 MT 5 MT 5000 packets 9,000 packets 1 MT 1480 MT 35 MT 6 truck load 1120 MT 350000 pieces 20,60,000 1,67,000	6.	20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. Health 1.	Baby food Polythene Light Blanket Utensils Lanterns Floor Mats Water bottle  Jerrycans 20lit Buckets HDPE town 18	20 MT 336000 sheets 202145 6697 sets 5500 11000 10000 & 10000 pouches 15669 5,500 25300 m
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Orissa Review

December	-1999
December	-1000

4.	No. of people served	7.5 lakhs
5.	No. of families covered	150000
6.	Bore holes disinfected	42,882
7	Water tankers	18
8.	Diesel Generators	5
9.	Shallow tube-wells	110
10.	Medicines Supplied:	
	(a) Halogen tablets	

Medi	cines Supplied.	1000000
(a)	Halogen tablets	1000000 22800000
(b)	Chlorine tablets	1,130
(c)	Water purifier	890000
(d)	ORS packets	50000 bottle
(e):	Ringer lactate	10000 tablets/bottle
(f)	Antacid Bleaching Powder	137 MT
(g) (h)	Saline	66216 50000
(i)	Introvenous Inf.	10,000
(j)	Cotrimexazole syp(60 ml)	2,00,000 tablets
(k)	Cotrimexazole tablets	7500000 tablets
(1)	Chloroquin	1000
(m)	Snake venum	

#### 7.

Water purification plants (2) each of 1000 lit/hr capacity are being set up by OXFAM and CARE.

#### 8.

50000 volunteers are engaged in health and sanitation, distribution of cooked food, dry ration, counselling etc. 12554 Volunteers of Utkal Bipanna Sahayata Samiti and about 12000 volunteers of ODMM (a consortium of 40 NGOs) are engaged in various activities.

Estimated contribution from the NGO sector would be about Rs.130 crores, mostly coming from International NGOs.

## Programme for Reconstruction & Rehabilitation:

The NGOs are now preparing / have prepared specific programmes for reconstruction and The NGOs are now preparing / nave prepared programmes for reconstruction and rehabilitation measures. They are planning to take up (a) reconstruction of community buildings, schools, cyclone relief centres, individual houses, (b) supporting agriculture, (c) rehabilitation of the orphans, the destitute, the old and the disabled, (e) restoration of environment and plantation of tree species, (f) various livelihood restoration programmes. Most of the activities are planned to be undertaken under (1) various tivelinood restoration programmes. From the proposing to allocate the balance BPL rice to the NGOs Frond for Work" (FFW) arrangements. Govt. is proposing to allocate the balance BPL rice to the NGOs (about 950 MT) under FFW and requisition further quantity in future. Govt. is planning to allocate specific areas and activities to various NGOs so that their efforts are equitably distributed and compliment specific areas and activities to various the efforts of State Governments. An NGO Coordination Cell has been the efforts of State Govt. PSUs and other State Governments. constituted to facilitate the NGO efforts.

FIVE - YEAR REHABILITATION PLAN (1999-2004): JAGATSINGHPUR DISTRICT, ORISSA

•	ITEM	UN	IT NO.	UNIT COS	r AMOUNT	19	99-2000	200	0-2001		2001-2002		002 2002		2002 2004
NO.						NO	. AMOUNT	NO		NO		THE MAN	002-2003		2003-2004
. 1.	Bullocks	No	. 55000	12000	660000000	18333	3 220000000.	18333				NO	. AMOUN	r NC	AMOUNT
2.	Milch animals	No	25000	10000	250000000	1 8333	Committee of the control of the cont	8333		1833	The same of the sa				
3.	Farm implements	No	80000	5000	400000000	26667		26667		833 2666					
4.	Tractors	No	2000	350000	700000000	667		667	The state of the s	66					
- 5.	Power tillers	No	2000	150000	300000000	667	100000000	667	100000000	66					
6.	Poultry	No	500	20000	10000000	167	3333333	167	3333333	163					
7.	Goatery .	, No	2000	20000	40000000	667	13333333	667	13333333	. 667					
8.	Coconut	• No	600000	50	30000000	200000	10000000	200000	10000000	200000					
	Papaya	` No	600000	10	6000000	200000	2000000	200000	2000000	200000					
	Banana	No	600000	25	15000000	200000	5000000	200000	5000000	200000	2000000 5000000				
	Mango	No	100000	25	2500000	33333	833333	33333	833333	33333	833333			1	
	Guava	No	100000	25	2500000	33333	833333	33333	833333	33333		1 500			THE RES
13. 1	Neem, cashew etc	No	300000	50 .	15000000	100000	5000000	100000	5000000	100000	833333 5000000				
	Fertilisers	Qtls.	128000	600	76800000	42667	25600000	42667	25600000	42667					
	hallow Tubewells	No	10000	30000	300000000	. 3333	100000000	3333	100000000	3333	25600000 100000000				
	iesel pumpsets	No	10000	20000	200000000	3333.	66666667	3333	66666667	3333					
17. Fi	shing trawlers/boats	No	10000		000000000	3333	666666667	6666	666666667	3333	66666667				
	ousing	No	300000	40000 12	000000000	60000	2400000000	60000	2400000000	60000	666666667 2400000000	60000	2400000000		
	pads	KM	3000	600000 1	800000000	600	360000000	600	360000000	600	360000000	60000	2400000000		2400000000
	idges	No	50 1	0000000	500000000	10	100000000	10	100000000	10	100000000	. 600	360000000		360000000
	od protection	KM	225	1000000	225000000	45	45000000	45	45000000	45	45000000	10	100000000	10	100000000
	bankment										43000000	45	45000000	45	45000000
	ne embankment	KM		000000	70000000	14	14000000	14	14000000	. 14	14000000	14	14000000		1.1000000
	lone shelters	No			50000000	50	150000000	50	150000000	50.	150000000	50	14000000	14	14000000
	ool Buildings	No	1800	500000 9	00000000	360	180000000	360	180000000	360	180000000	360	150000000	50	150000000
	nwadi buildings	No	900	200000 18	30000000	180	36000000	180	36000000	180	36000000		180000000	360	180000000
26 Hospi	ital building	No	73	500000	86500000	15	7300000	15	7300000	. 15	7300000	180	36000000	180	36000000
	office/Staff	No	650 5	300000 32	5000000	130	65000000	130	65000000	130		15	7300000	15	7300000
	ers buildings								0,500,000	130	65000000	130	65000000	130	65000000
	ing water tubewells	No :	2000	80000 16	0000000	400	32000000	400	32000000	4000	22000000	100	220000000		
	nation plant	No							32000000	4000	32000000	400	32000000	400	32000000
). Solar li	ighting system	No		50	0000000	1-13-14	16666667	1	16666667		1444				
	vater supply	No	10 2000	00000 200	0000000	2	40000000	. 2	40000000		16666667				
	old latrines	No 1000		8000 800	0000000 2		160000000	4		20000	40000000	2	40000000	2	40000000
	iter supply				S. C. L.	A CONTRACTOR		20000	160000000	20000	160000000	20000	160000000	20000	160000000
		HA 450	000 . 2	0000 900	000000 4.	5000 9	00000000							1	
Total	SEASON CONTRACTOR			23,904,3			5,233,333	5.20	75,233,333	1					1
uree las		The state of the s	and and				A CANADA CANADA	3,2	0,400,000	5,2	75,233,333	3,	89,300,000	3,5	89,300,000

## REQUIREMENT PROFILE DEPARTMENT -WISE

(Consequent upon the Cyclonic devastation)

SI.	Name of the Department	Amount require (in crores)
No.	Lang Department	272.35
	Agriculture Department	20.18
2.	Commerce & Transport Department	102.20
3.	Co-operation Department	1090.45
	Education Department	400.00
5.	Energy Department	197.32
).	Fisheries & Animal Resources Department	283.70
	Forest & Environment Department	35.05
	General Administration Department	65.94
	Handloom & Textiles Department	141.33
0.	Health Department	36.50
1.	Hama Department	1228.74
2.	Housing & Urban Development Department	590.35
3.	Panchayati Raj Department	461.71
10.30	Pural Development Department	
4.	SC & ST Development Department	3.80
5.	State Port Engineering Organisation	0.46
6.	Steel & Mines Department	0.32
7.	Water Resources Department	349.25
18.	Women & Child Dev. Department	26.06
19.		396.72
20.	Works Department Pure Relief House Building Grant &	525.16
21.	Pure Relief House Bullet 2  Ex-Gratia	6227.59
N-E	Total	0227.39

## INDIGENOUS MEDICINE AMONG THE TRIBALS OF PHULBANI DISTRICT

Prajna Paramita Behera

Phulbani District in Orissa is a varied land of forests, mountains, plateaus, plains having an area of 11,119 sq. km. and a population of about 8,59,000 out of which male 4,30,000 and female 4,29,000. It lies in latitude of 19.36 N to 20.53 N and longitude of 83.33 E to 84.48 E. This district is surrounded in the North by Boudh, on south by Ganjam, on East by Nayagarh and on West by Bolangir and Kalahandi District.

Out of total area, the forest covers an area of 5433 sq. km which is 48.9% of total area. The main forest products are sal, Bamboo, Sabai Grass and Kendu Leaf. Among other agriculture and minor forest products are grooms, tamarind, Mahula, Ginger, Niger, arrow root etc.

The District is mainly inhabitated by Khonds, Gondas, Panas, Savaras and Odias. The majority of population consists of Kois and Khonds. The tribal population is 2,79,000 which is 38.94% of total population. The literacy population: Male is 1,99,000 and Female is 72,000.

In this District the common diseases are Malaria, Filaria, Leprosy, Diarrhoea, Tuberculosis etc. In the District the number of hospital is 22, Primary Health Centre is 41 and Ayurvedic hospital is 20. The tribal people in this district believe in 2 types of medical treatment (Chikitsa) that is Mantra Chikitsa (treatment by use of Mantra) and Deshi

Chikitsa (indigenous treatment). The tribal people are well aware of the medicinal values of many plants which are easily available in the district. They use root, stem, leaves, flowers and fruits to cure several diseases. The usefulness of their indigenous medicine are established by experience and long standing traditions. The knowledge is derived by oral transmission and full acquitance with the plant life of the region.

The present study is preliminary in nature and a lot of survey programme can throw new light in this direction. The district has been divided into 2 i.e. Boudh and Kandhamal. In this paper for the sake of convenience the undivided Phulbani district has been covered.

The tribal people are aware of the medicinal values of several plants of which 10 plants are specifically mentioned here.

Gangasiuli - Botanical Name - Nycianthes arbortistis.
- Family - Oleaceae.

This plant is shrub to tree, height 5 - 10 ft. The stem erect, leaves pinnatily compound, Ovate, flower small cream coloured fruits blackish in colour.

In case of malaria which is common in the district 7 leaves alongwith 21 black pepper are to be taken daily for 5 - 6 days.

2 -3 spoon leaf juice mixed with 1/2 teaspoon honey is used to cure all types of fever.

Patal Guruda - Botanical Name - Rauwolfia serpentina. - Family - Apocyanaceae.

The plant is shrub height 2 ft approximately. The stem erect, leaf lanceolate, flower yellowish white fruits green in young and black in mature time.

The paste of root and 21 blackpepper is used to cure high blood pressure.

I teaspoon leaf extract mixed with lime is used to cure worms of children.

2-3 teaspoon leaf juice mixed with 1 teaspoon honey cures cough. The leaf juice with black pepper used daily cures indigestion.

Tulsi - Botanical Name - Ocimum Sanctum - Family - Labiatae

The plant is a herb, height upto 1m. The stem is erect, blackish, hairy, the leaves small ovate - lanceolate. The flower reddish white fruits small blackish in colour.

The leaf with ginger & honey cures cough, cold and bad throat.

The leaf juice when put into the ear cures earpain.

The leaf rubbed over the region of scorpion bite cures pain.

The leaf juice is used to cure bronchitis, cataract and indigestion.

The leaf juice is also used to cure skin diseases.

The cooked root of Tulsi is used to cure

Amla - Botanical Name - Embica Officianalis.
- Family - Euohorbiaceae

The plant is small tree, the stem is erect, strong the leaves oval, small, compound the flowers light green in colour. The fruits round green, edible.

Amla equally mixed with Haldi and then well pasted is used for increasing blackness of hair.

The Amla mixed with lemon juice well pasted when used for 7-8 days cures bloodstool.

The amla fruit paste is used over pimples to cure it.

The bark mixed with *methi* cures diarrhoea.

Mahula - Botanical Name - Madhuca indica - Family - Sapotaceae

The plant is deciduous tree. The stem is erect, strong, the leaves lanceolate, 10-20 cm long. The flowers are in bunch, cream—coloured fruits, green in young, brown coloured in ripe.

The seed pasted with milk is used for increasing the fair complextion of face.

The oil of it is used to cure muscle pain. The flower of it is used as food.

Bishalyakarani - Botanical Name - *Tridax Procumbers*. - Family - Compositeae

The plant is herb, prostrate common in everywhere. The stem is soft, prostrate; branched. The leaves are lanceolate, serrate margin, hairy. The inflorescence contains 2 types of flowers, outer rayfloret and inner disc floret.

The paste of leaf is used to cure pimples.

The leaf juice is applied to cure wound and boils.

Lajkuli - Botanical Name - Mimosa Pudica. - Family - Mimosae.

The plant is herb, the stem weak, prostrate spiny, leaf compound sensitive to touch or inflorscence pink coloured containing many small flowers.

The root pasted with 2-3 balckpepper cures dysentry.

The root pasted with blackpepper if taken cures poison of scorpion bite.

The leaf juice is applied to cure pimples.

The root fried with desi ghee is used as toothbrush.

Apamarang - Botanical Name - Achyranthes aspera.
- Family - Amaranthaceac.

The plant is annual herb. The stem is erect, red or white in colour. The leaves ovallanceolate, hairy. The flowers sessible, small, greenish in colour.

The leaf juice is used to cure pain from bee bite.

The leaf juice mixed with honey cures cold and cough.

The leaf juice used over any cut checks emission of blood.

The root alongwith 20 blackpepper well pasted and used for 5-6 days cures piles.

Arakha - Botanical Name - Calotropis gigantea. - Family - Asclepiadaceae.

The plant is herb, height 2-5 ft. The stem erect, strong having milky latex. The leaves opposite decussate sessile flower pinkish white in colour.

The root juice alongwith leaf juice of Gayasha (*Leucas aspera*) if taken cures poison of snake-bite.

The latex of it is used to cure tooth pain.

The leaf juice slightly warmed when put into ear cures ear pain.

The latex is used to cure leprosy.

Ankaranti - Botanical Name - Solanum Xanthocarpum. - Family - Solanaceae.

The plant is herb. The stem is erect, spiny. The leaf lanceolate, spiny, serrate margin. The flower small, violate coloured, like the flower of brinjal plant. The fruits are small also like the brinjal.

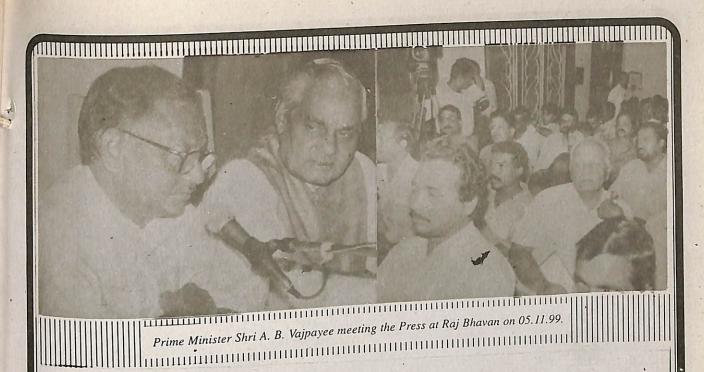
The paste of whole plant is used as toothpowder.

The dry seed well pasted and slightly warmed is used to cure pimples.

Phulbani district is rich in indigenous plants. The medicinal property of many plants are not only known to the tribal people but also to the common people of the district. The access to the plants and their identification are to the advantage to the people. In recent years scientists are studying the medicinal value of indigenous plants. For example Patal Garuda, (Rauwofia serpentina) has attracted the attention of a scientist and attempts have been made to cultivate the plant in several places in the district. The Government is also giving attention for the preservation of these indigenous plants. A major collection of these plants is made at Kalinga alongwith an Ayurvedic research centre at G. Udayagiri. Further research can add to our knowledge of the medicinal value of the plants and their use by the common people.

This paper is based on personal interview with the elderly tribal people of Phulbani District. The purpose is only to draw the attention of medical experts as to the medicinal value of the plants. Until their veracity is confirmed noone should use these to cure their personal diseases.

Irrigation Colony, Phulbani.





In a review meeting in the 3rd floor Conference Hall of the Secretariat chaired by Chief Minister, Union Defence Minister cum Chairman, Orissa Relief Task Force and his accompanying team discussing the post-cyclone situation.



All-party meeting held under the chairmanship of Chief Minister on 07.11.99 to discuss relief assistance on the aftermath of the Super Cyclone.





Ministers of Gujurat Shri Ashok Bhatt and Shri Mahendra Trivedi calling on Chief Minister Dr. Giridhar Gamang. Gujurat Govt. donated Rupees Two crores besides relief materials worth 3.5 crore.



Union Minister, Communiction, Shri Ramvilas Paswan discussing immediate resumption of Telephone communication in the affected areas with Chief Minister on 07.11.99.

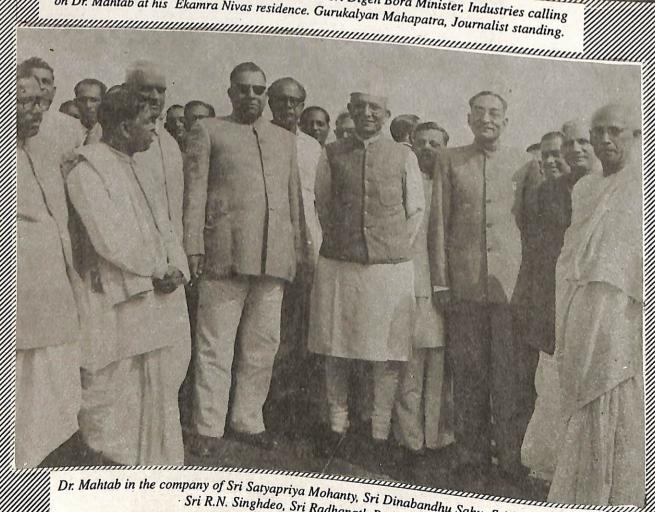




Dr Mahtab with the then Finance Minister Sri Rajendranarayan Singhdeo during the inauguration of one unit of Rourkela Steel Plant. 

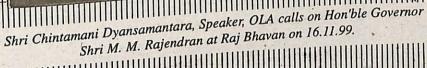


Sri Prafulla Mahant, Chief Minister of Assam and Sri Digen Bora Minister, Industries calling on Dr. Mahtab at his Ekamra Nivas residence. Gurukalyan Mahapatra, Journalist standing.



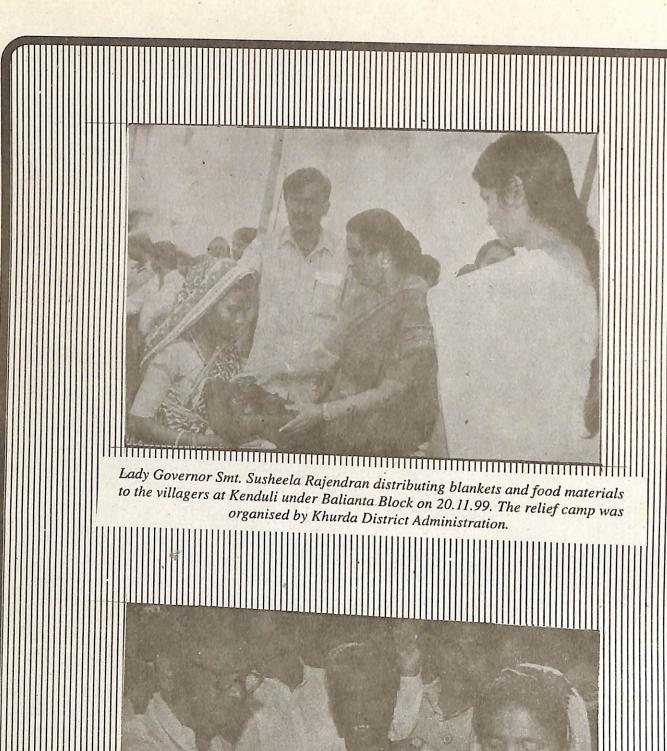
Dr. Mahtab in the company of Sri Satyapriya Mohanty, Sri Dinabandhu Sahu, Sri Morarji Desai, MINIMUM OTHERS.







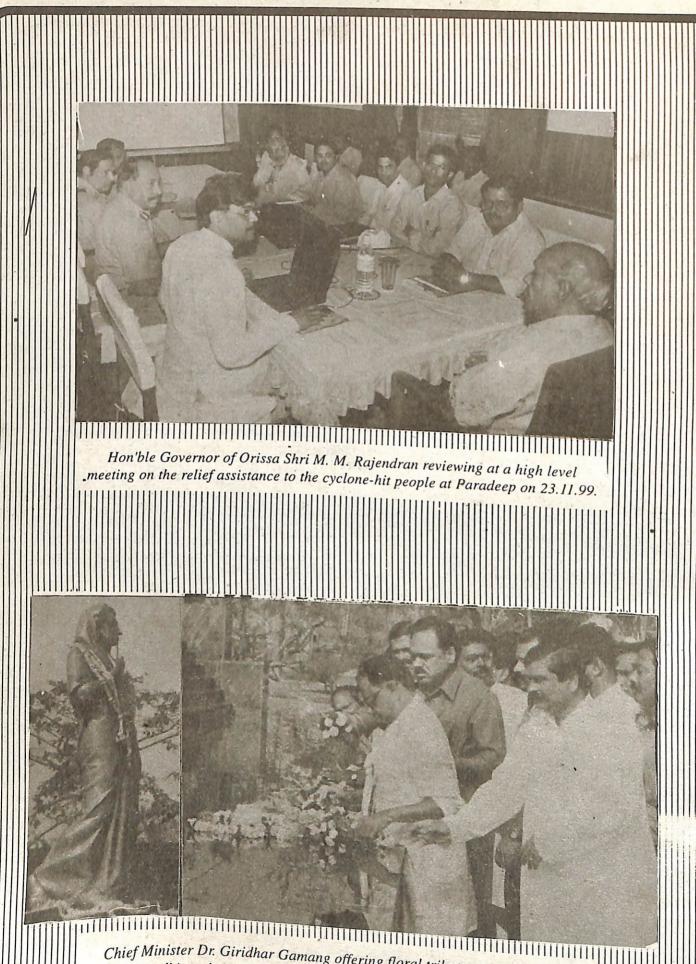
Shri P. N. Tambekar, Regional Manager, Punjab National Bank presenting a
cheque of Rs. 51 lakhs to Chief Minister Dr. Giridhar Gamang in the aid of cyclone
affected people of the State.





Chief Minister Dr. Giridhar Gamang distributing sarees and dresses to the cyclone hit people on the occasion of the birth anniversary of Late Smt. Indira Gandhi at Congress Bhavan on 19.11.99.

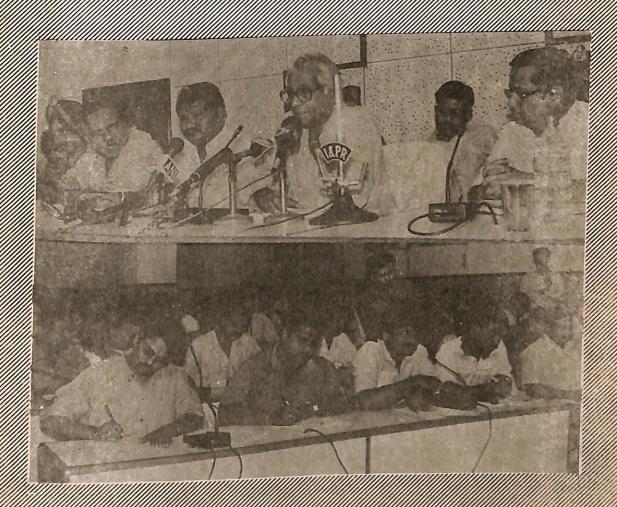




Chief Minister Dr. Giridhar Gamang offering floral tributes to the statue of Indira Gandhi on the occasion of birth anniversary at Indira Park on 19.11.99.



Chief Minister Shri Hemanand Biswal presiding over an all-party meeting on 21.12.99 concerning assistance to the distressed people in the cyclone-affected areas.



Union Minister for Defence Shri George Fernades speaking at a Press Conference at the I.& P.R. Department Conference Hall on 12.11.99.

